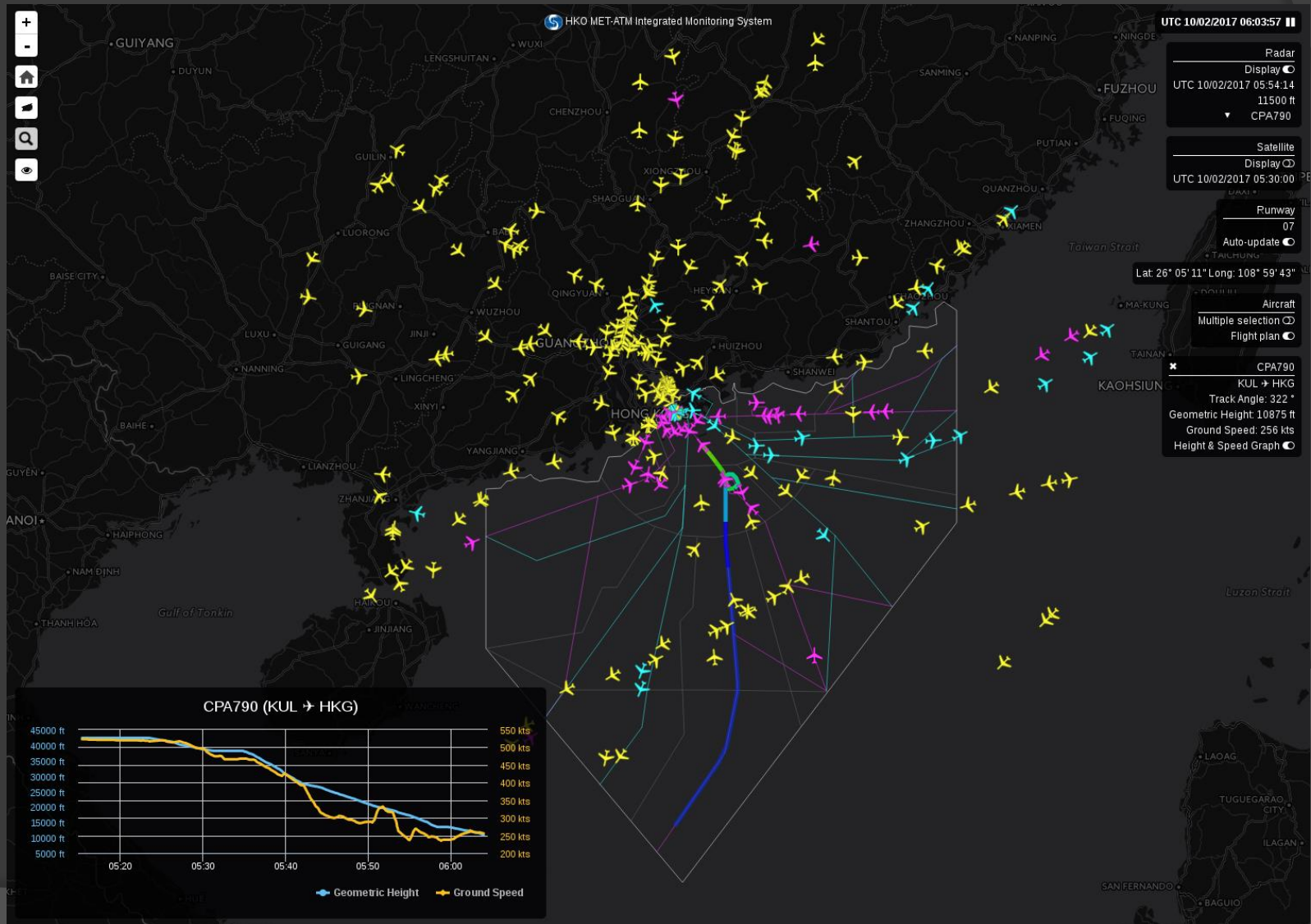




WMO VCP MET-ATM WORKSHIOP
October 2018

WEATHER INFORMATION FOR AAR/ADR ASSESSMENT

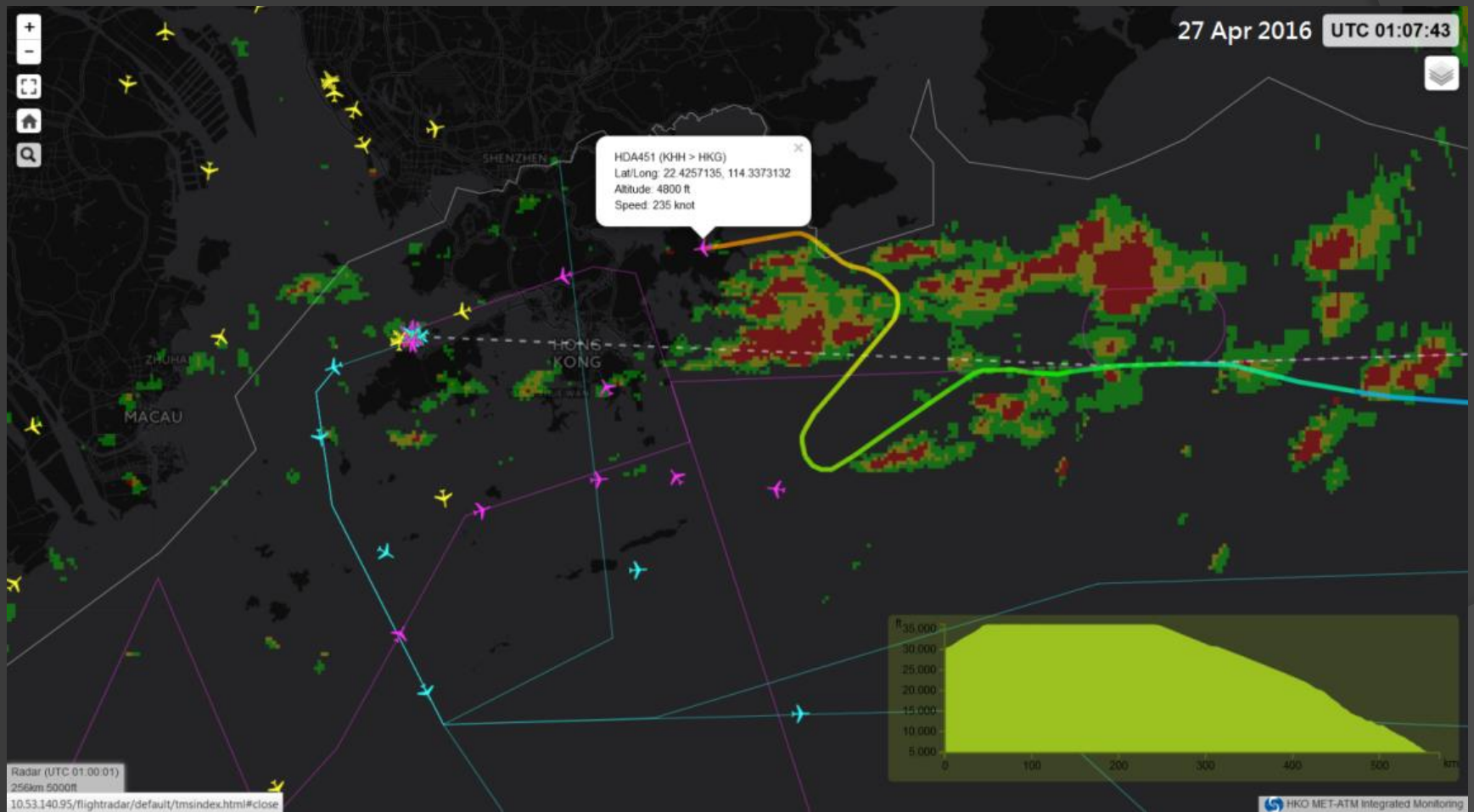
Airspace is very busy



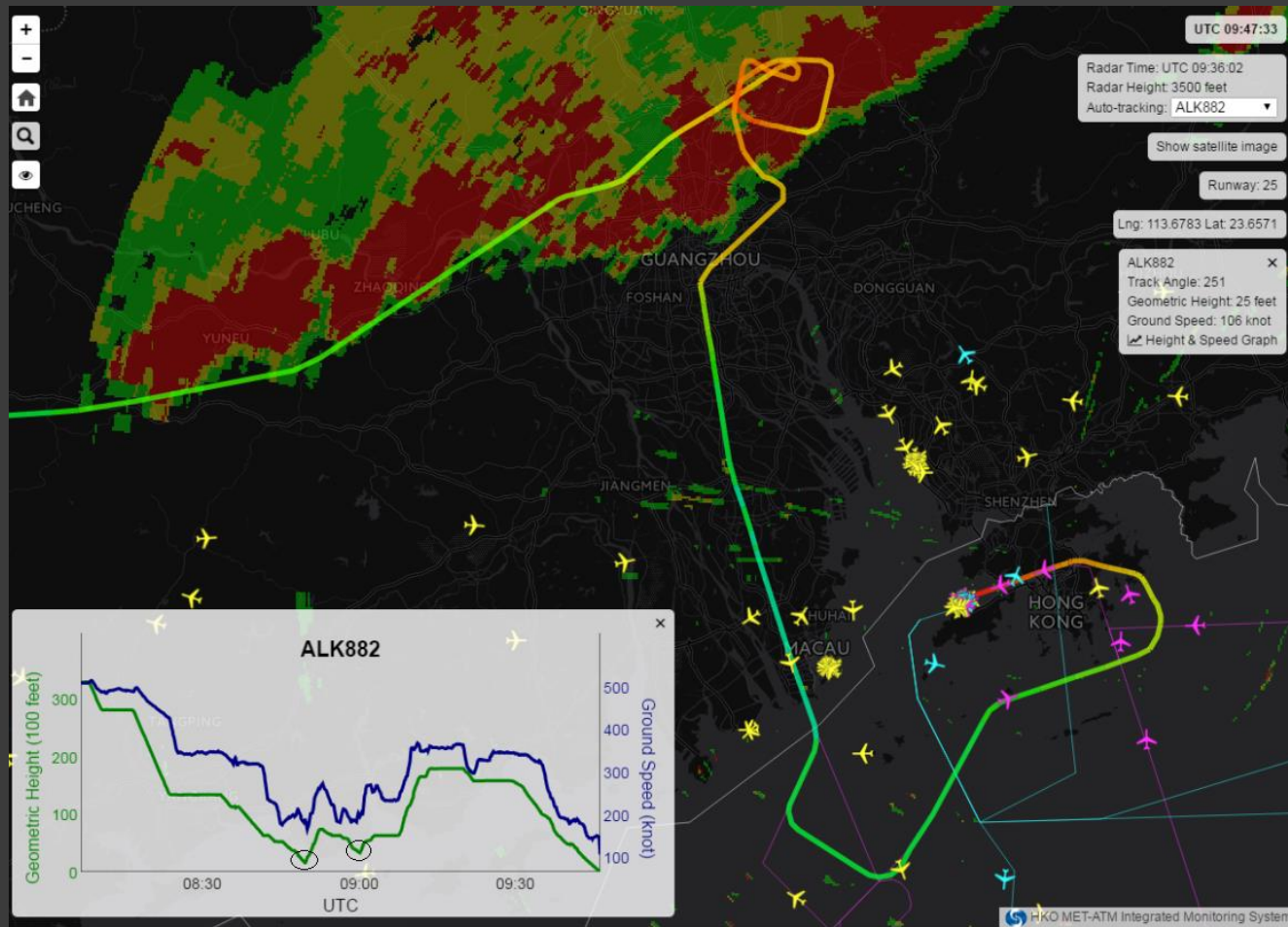
Holding due to weather



Deviation in path finding





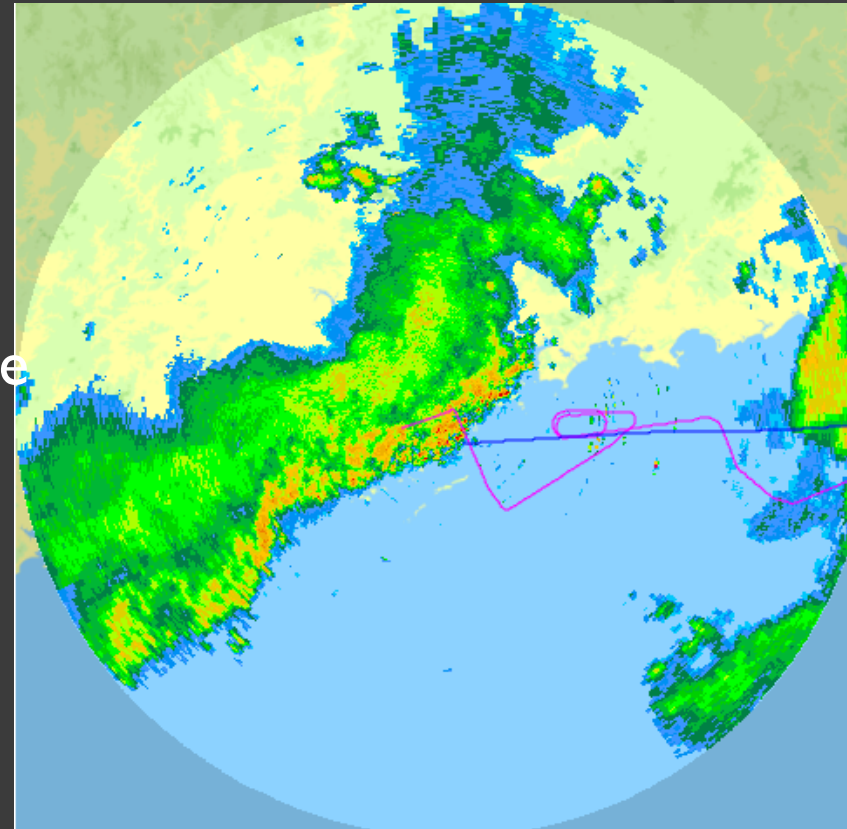
Diversion from GuangZhou



WEATHER AVOIDANCE THRESHOLDS

Aircraft and Weather Data

- Arrival route
 -  Normal
 -  Actual Flight path
- **W**ithout considering aircraft altitude
- **R**ange: 256km
- **W**eather Variables
 - 90TH Percentile REF3 and VIL



Weather Avoidance Decision

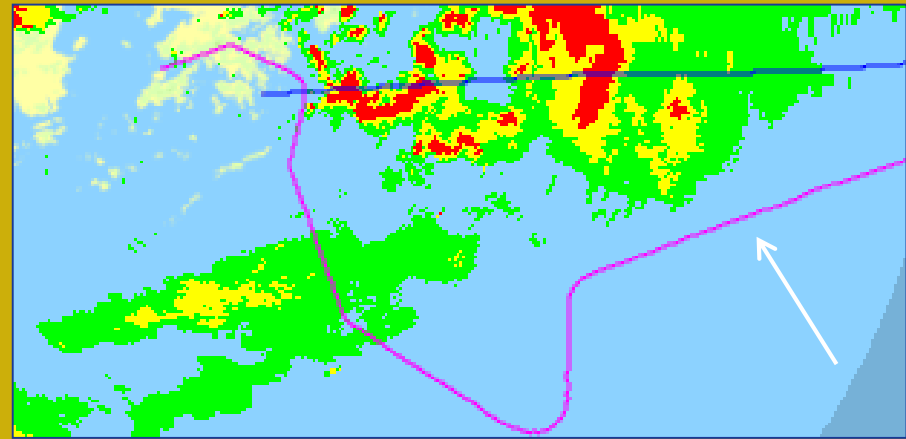
Weather Avoidance Decision

Holding

Slowdown

Missed Approach

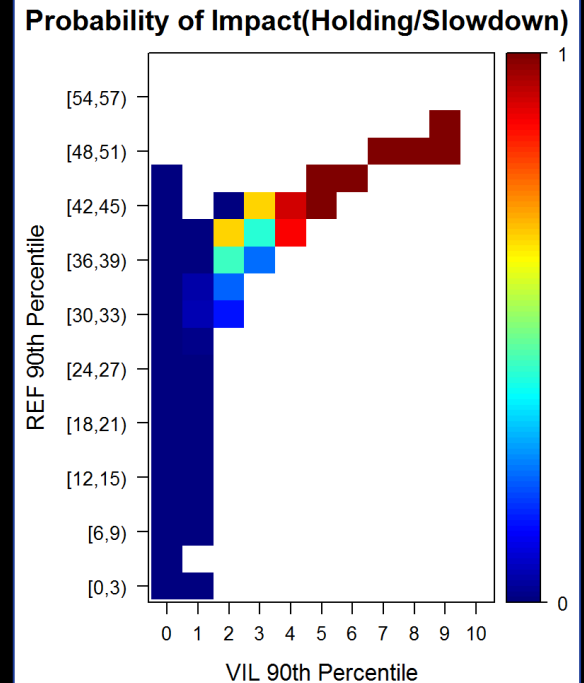
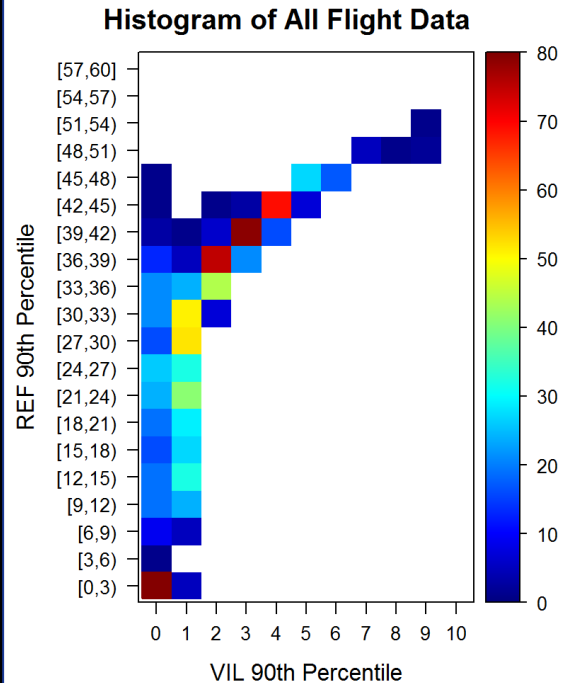
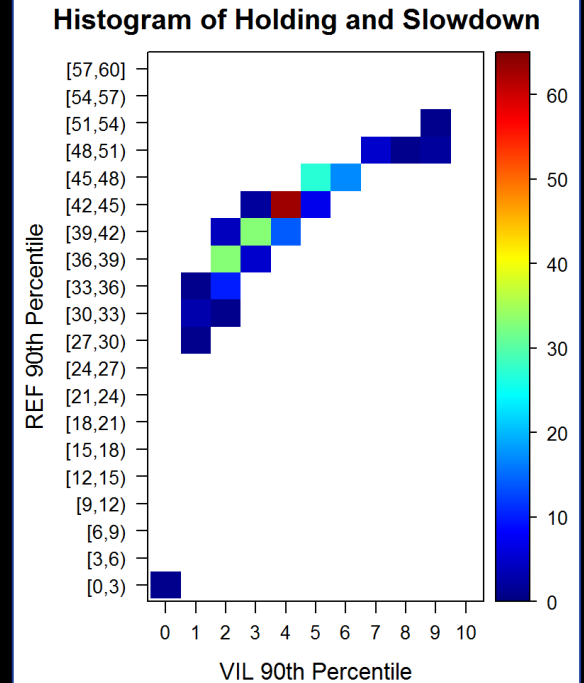
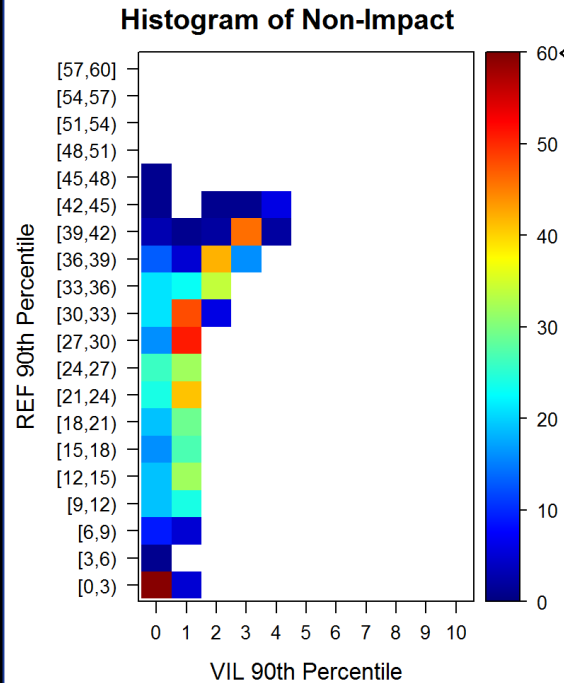
Deviation & Path-Finding



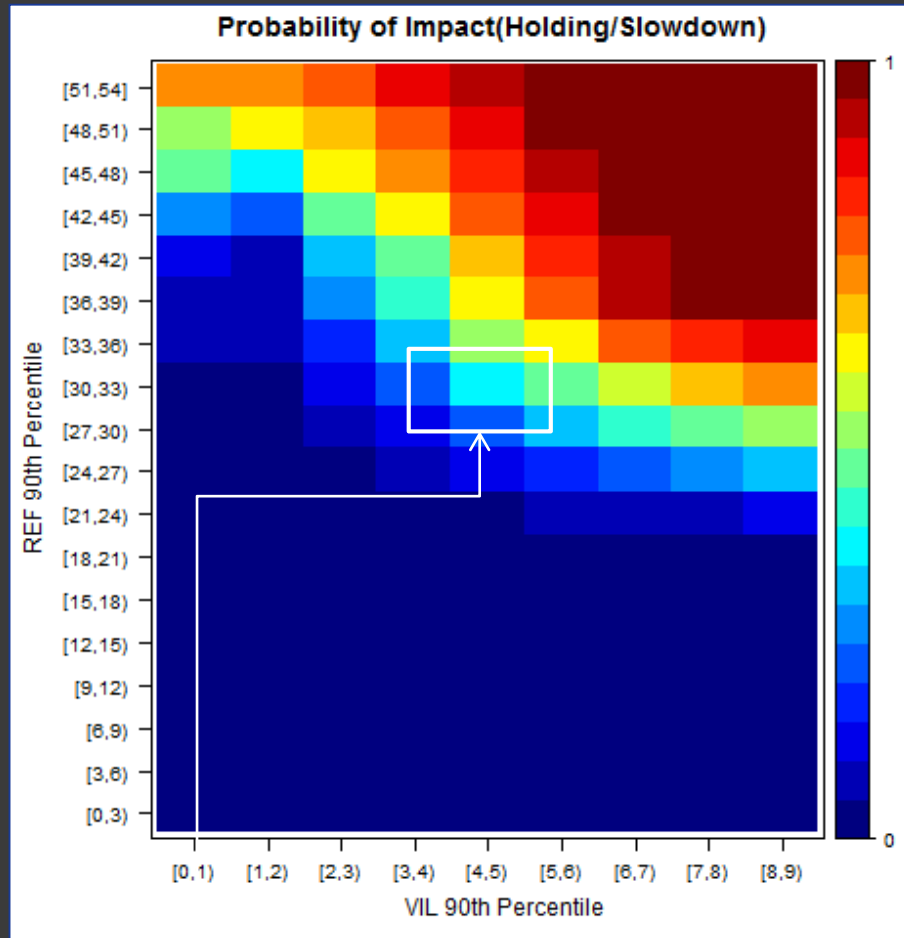
Avoid the storm along the planned path
Find another acceptable flight path and gap
between convection

[REF / VIL]

Holding/
Slowdown

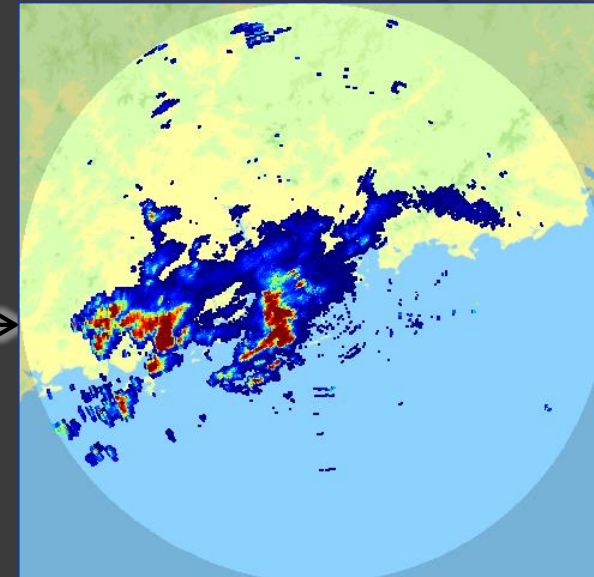
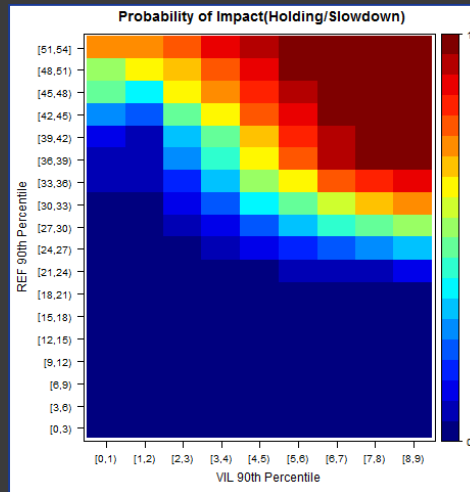
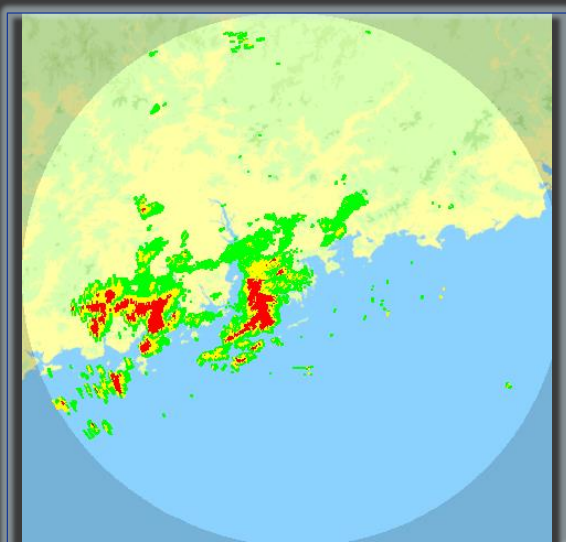


Probability table for avoidance action



VIL>4mm, REF>33dBz

Weather Avoidance Field



AIRPORT ACCEPTANCE RATE (AAR)

The three major “feeds”



TS/CB forecast for adjacent areas

UTC	13	14	15	16-18
20nm of ARP	Yellow	Red	Red	Yellow
ABBEY	Green	Yellow	Red	Red
BETTY	Green	Green	Green	Yellow
CANTO	Green	Green	Yellow	Yellow

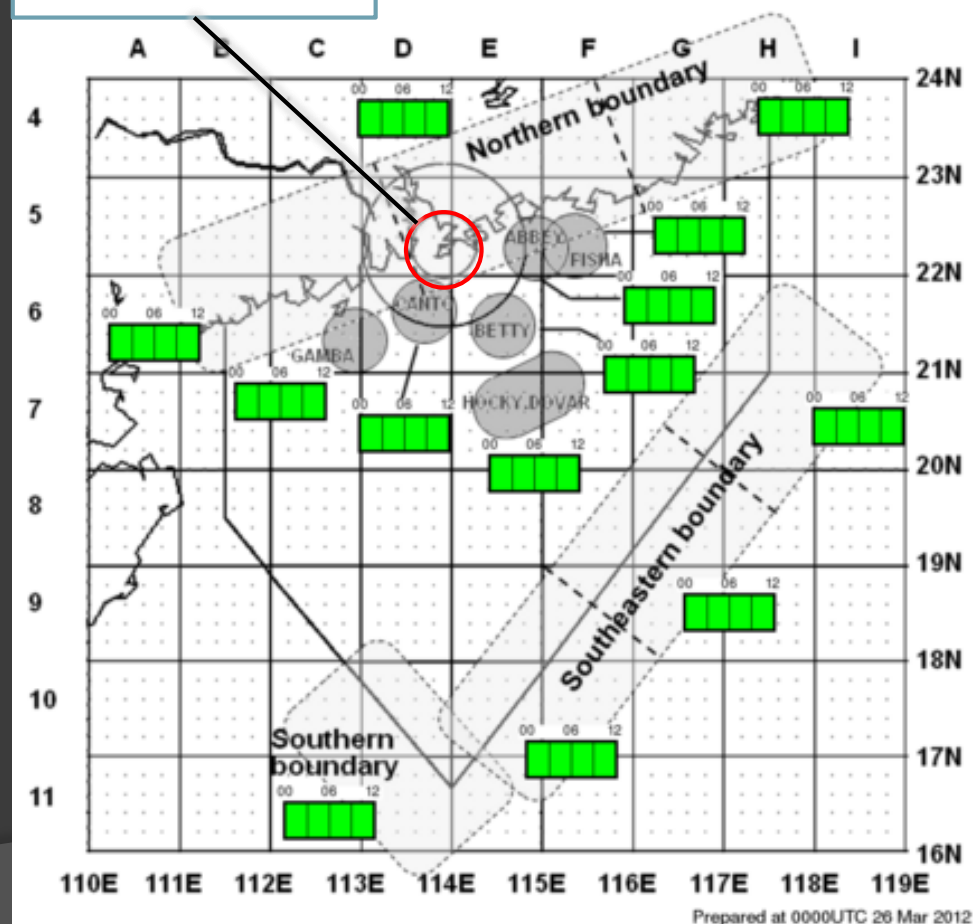
Prepared at 1300UTC

20 nm of Aerodrome Reference Point (ARP)

key holding areas

- 20 nm within Abbey Betty Canto
- Northern and South/Southeastern boundaries

20nm of ARP



Graphical Impact Matrix

Detailed Terminal Area Forecast for the next 9 hours

Issue time: 220734Z

Time (UTC)	0730	0800	0900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600
Overall										
Wind TEMPO	290/05 —	290/05 —	290/05 —	290/05 040/10	040/10 —	040/10 —	040/10 —	040/10 —	040/10 —	040/10 —
07 Headwind (kt) TEMPO	-4 —	8 —	-4 —	-4 8	9 —	9 —	9 —	9 —	9 —	9 —
25 Headwind (kt) TEMPO	4 —	4 —	4 —	4 -9	-9 —	-9 —	-9 —	-9 —	-9 —	-9 —
Crosswind (kt) TEMPO	N 3 —	N 3 —	N 3 —	N 3 N 5	N 5 —	N 5 —	N 5 —	N 5 —	N 5 —	N 5 —
Visibility TEMPO	1300 m —	1300 m —	1300 m —	4500 m 7000 m	7000 m —	7000 m —	7000 m —	7000 m —	7000 m —	7000 m —
Ceiling (ft) TEMPO	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —

Notes:

(i) The forecasts are normally updated every half an hour.

(ii) The colours highlighted are based on the thresholds in the following Table. TEMPO group, when given, will also be used when determining the colour levels.

Level	Head wind	Cross wind	Visibility	Ceiling
1	=< 20 kt	< 30 kt	> 1000 m	> 400 ft
2	21 - 40 kt	30 - 35 kt	600 – 1000 m	200 – 400 ft
3	> 40 kt	> 35 kt	< 600 m	< 200 ft
-	< -5 kt	-	-	obscured sky

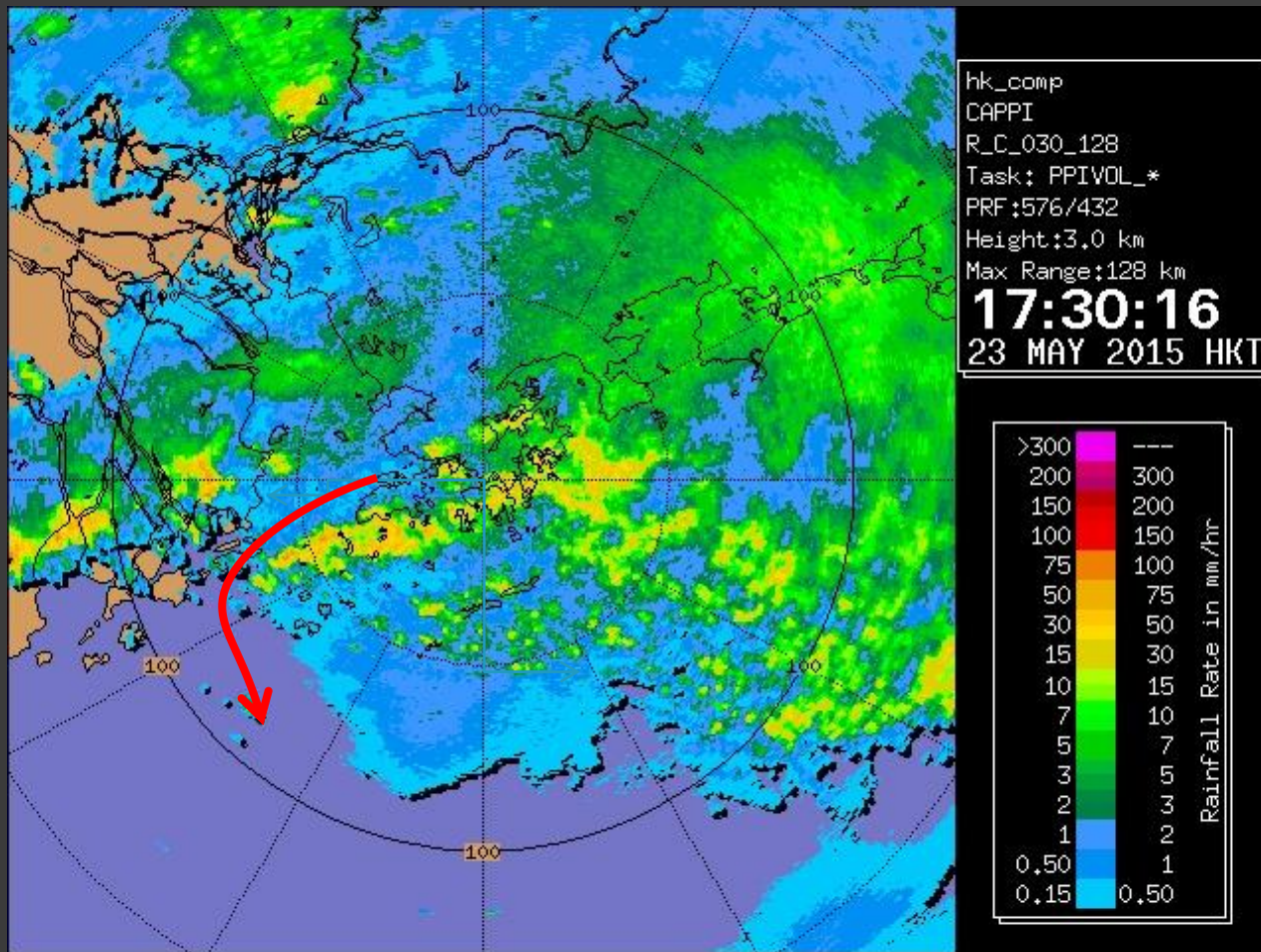
AIRPORT DEPARTURE RATE (ADR)



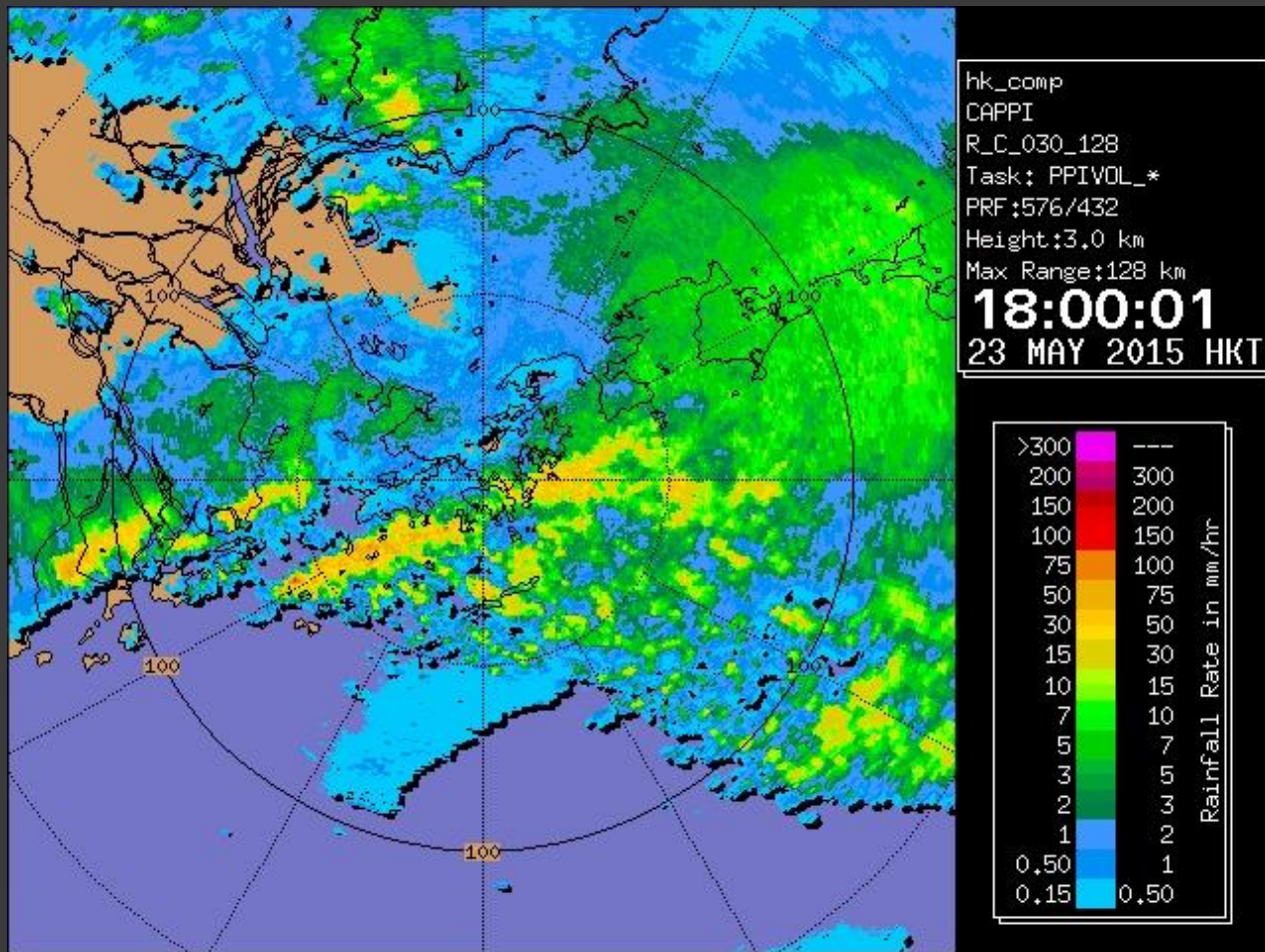
- Due to thunderstorm and weather related flow control, apron parking was full from 1800 to 0500 the next day.
- 178 passenger flights arrived and held on taxiway with a maximum waiting time of 2 hours and 32 minutes.

A Major Disruption to airport on 23 May 2015

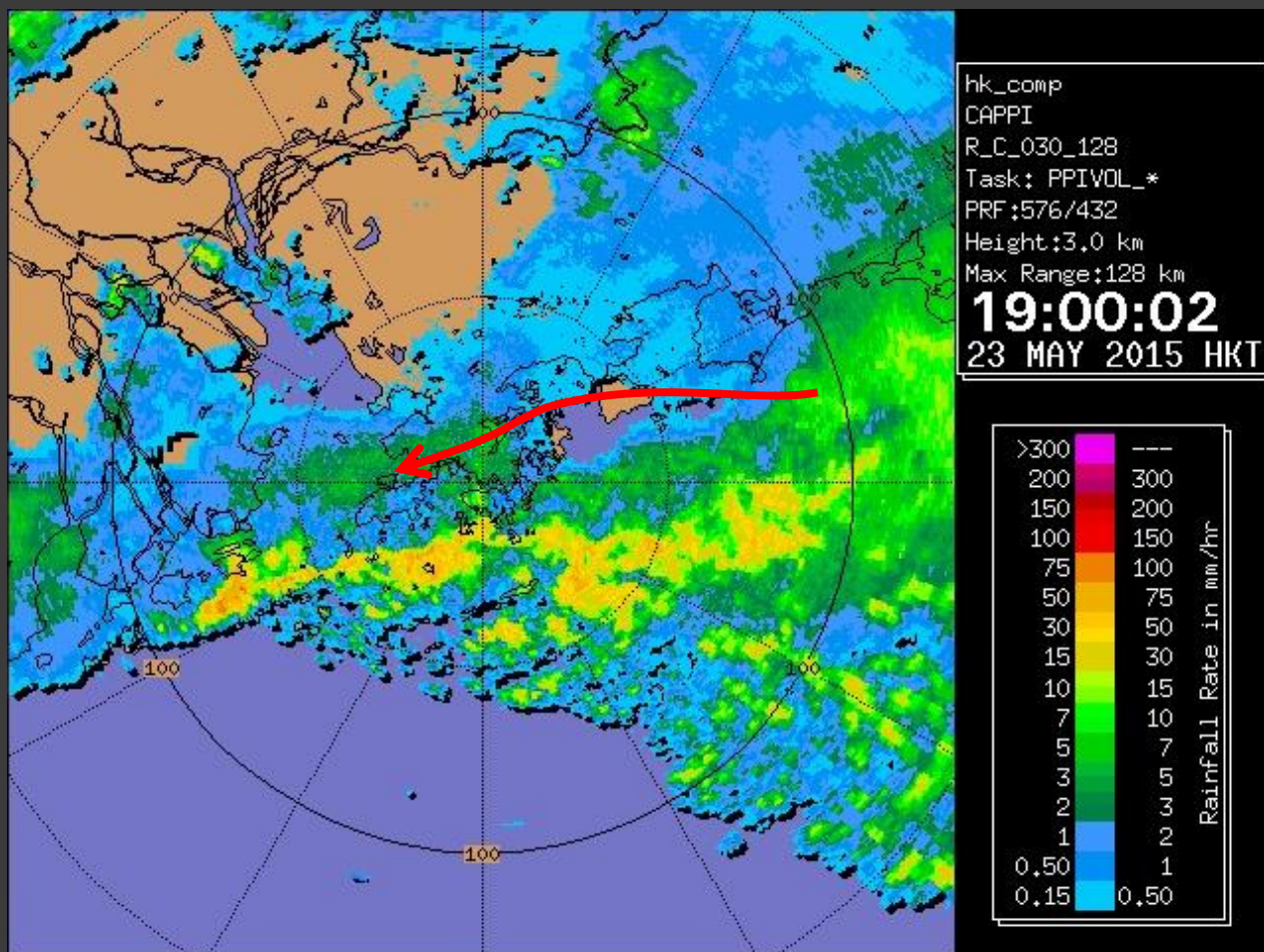
Trouble with Outgoing flights



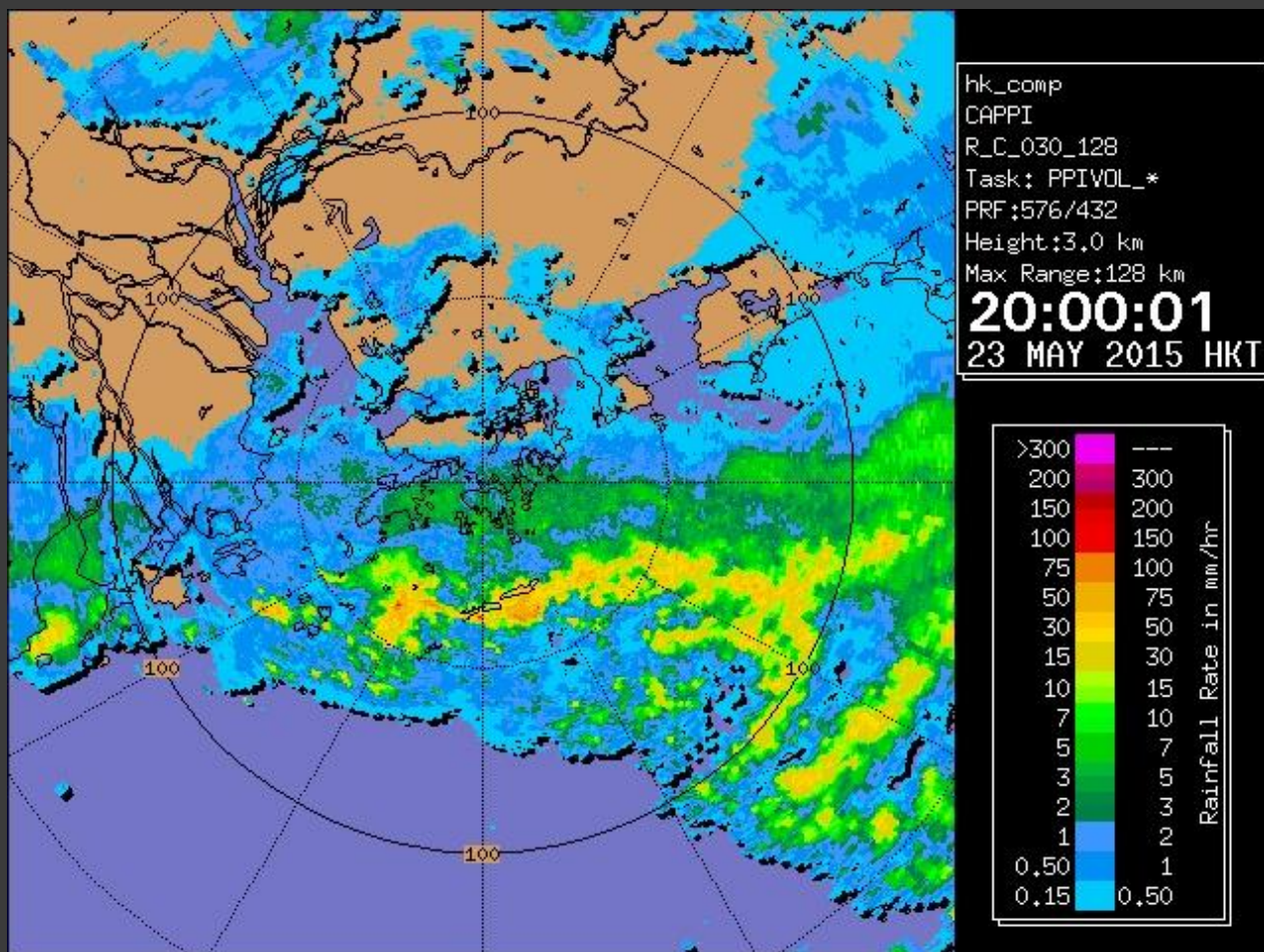
18:00H



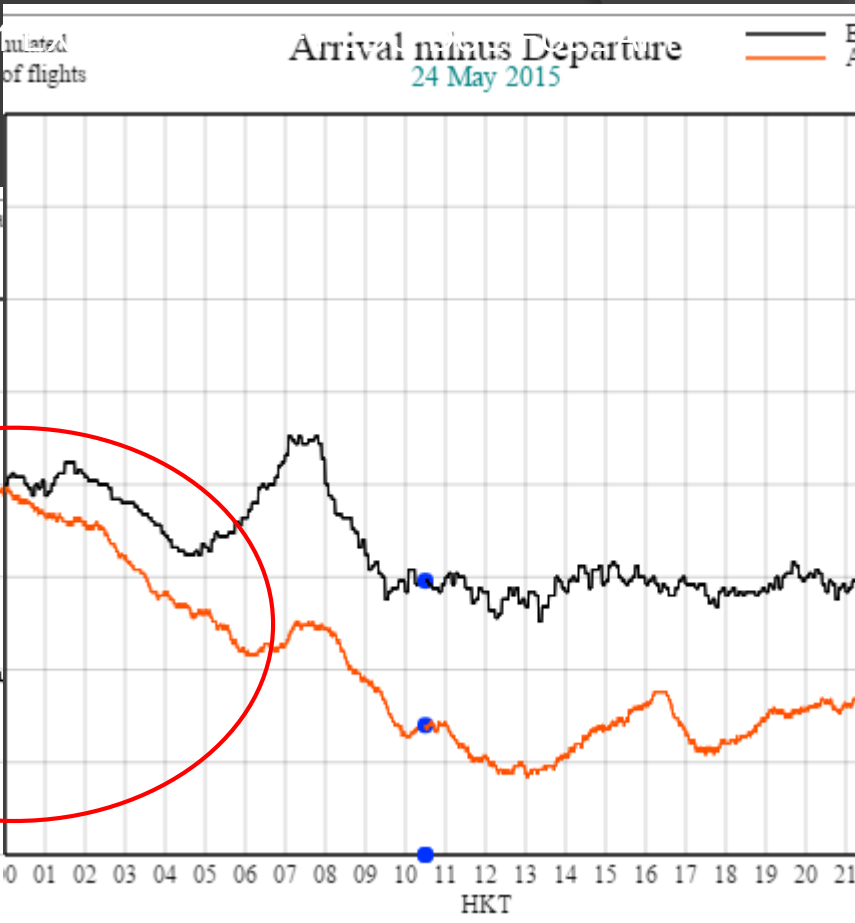
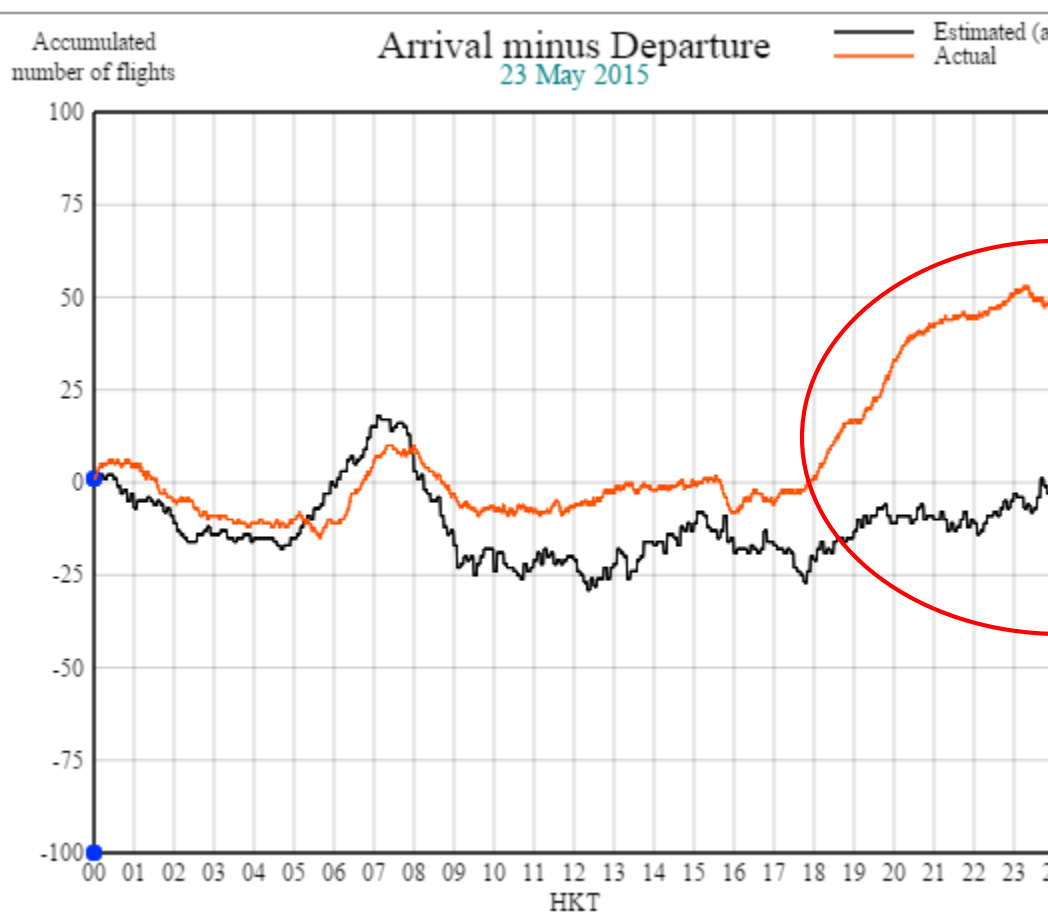
19:00H



20:00H



2015-05/metcond/clk_atis/150523/2219latest_atis.txt:A-SUPPL1 EXP DELAY AFTER LDG DUE FULL APRON
2015-05/metcond/clk_atis/150523/2247latest_atis.txt:A-SUPPL1 EXP DELAY AFTER LDG DUE FULL
APRON WIND VRB 6KT
2015-05/metcond/clk_atis/150524/0008latest_atis.txt:A-SUPPL1 EXP DELAY AFTER LANDING DUE FULL
APRON
2015-05/metcond/clk_atis/150524/0811latest_atis.txt:A-SUPPL1

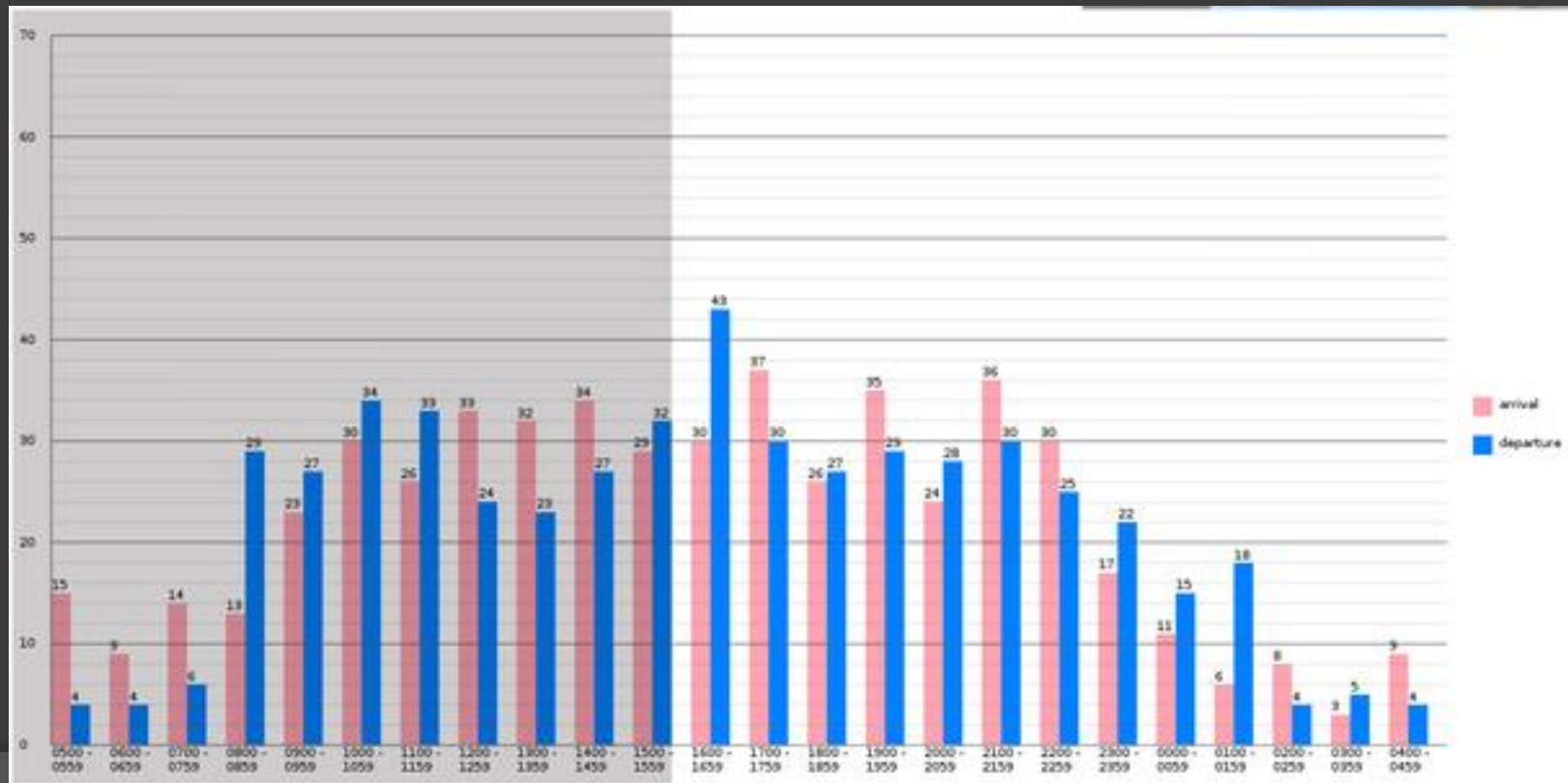


Airport Departure Rate Study

- ⦿ Airport operation may have problem when Departure << Arrival
 - in general, difference of 10-20 is OK
 - on 23 May 2015, the surplus was over 40 for consecutive hours

Departure Flights

---295386061	---KAL615	---KE 615	---615	- 201101180020 201101180008 201101180002 PUS ---	---	---	W S O HAS J ---	737
---295385704	---AHK681	---LD 681	---681	- 201101180035 201101180018 201101180018 TPE ---	---	---	O S O HAS F ---	ABF
---295385768	---CEB238	---5J 238	---238	- 201101180050 201101180027 201101180024 CEB ---	---	---	W S O SAT J ---	32S
---295385690	---AAR989	---OZ 989	---989	- 201101180010 201101180031 201101180029 ICN ---	---	---	O S O JAT F ---	74F
---295386032	---HDA997	---KA 997	---997	- 201101180035 201101180026 201101180034 PEK ---	---	---	W S O HAS J ---	32S
---295385703	---AHK458	---LD 458	---458	- 201101180055 201101180039 201101180039 MNL ---	---	---	O S O HAS F ---	72F



Runway use history

Hong Kong International Airport (HKIA)			
Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS)			
ATIS 770			
A-TITLE HONG KONG ARRIVAL INFORMATION		D-TITLE HONG KONG DEPARTURE INFORMATION	
A-IDENT	I	D-IDENT	W
A-TIME	0243	D-TIME	0244
A-INFO-D1		D-INFO-D1	
A-RUNWAY	25R	D-RUNWAY	25L
A-INFO-D2		D-WS/TURB	
A-WS/TURB		D-SUPPL1	
A-SUPPL1		D-WIND	210
A-WIND	210	D-SPEED	12
A-SPEED	12	D-VRB-BTN	
A-VRB-BTN		D-AND	
A-AND		D-MAX	
A-MAX		D-MNM	
A-MNM		D-VIS	10 KM
A-VIS	10 KM	D-RVR	
A-RVR		D-PRESENT-WX	
A-PRESENT-WX		D-CLOUD	FEW 1500FT SCT 2500FT
A-CLOUD	FEW 1500FT SCT 2500FT	D-WXCHG	
A-WXCHG		D-TEMP	32
A-TEMP	32	D-DEWPOINT	26
A-DEWPOINT	26	D-QNH	1006
A-QNH	1006	D-METINFO	
A-METINFO		D-TREND	
A-TREND	EXP SIG TAILWIND ON BASE LEG	D-SUPPL2	
A-SUPPL2		D-ACK	ACK INFO I
A-ACK	ACK INFO I	D-CDCGMC	DELIVERY

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0006latest_atis.txt:A-RUNWAY 07L

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0006latest_atis.txt:D-RUNWAY 07R

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0038latest_atis.txt:A-RUNWAY 07L

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0038latest_atis.txt:D-RUNWAY 07R

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0039latest_atis.txt:A-RUNWAY 07L

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0039latest_atis.txt:D-RUNWAY 07R

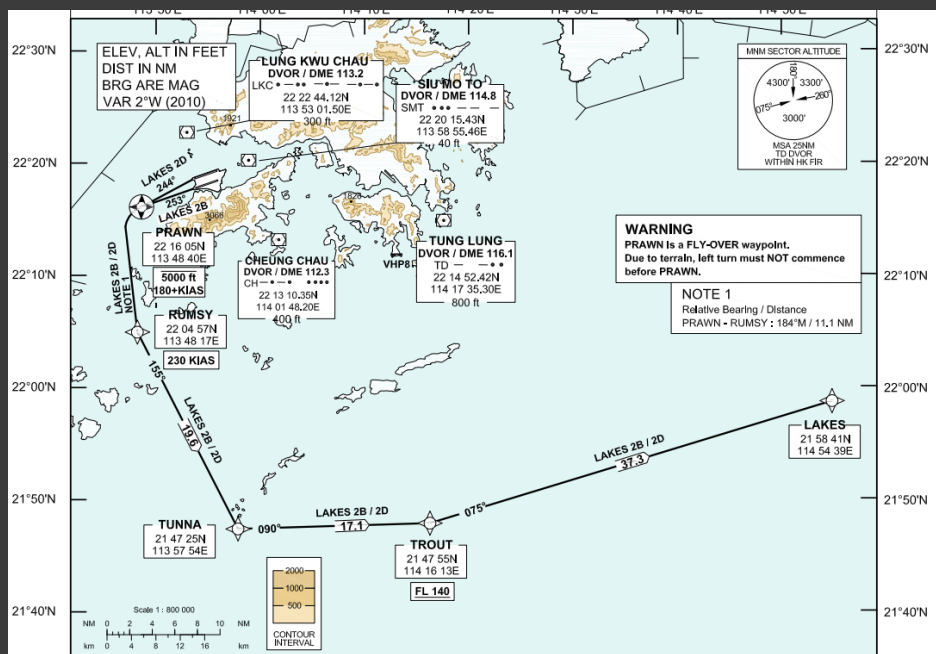
2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0136latest_atis.txt:A-RUNWAY 07R

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0136latest_atis.txt:D-RUNWAY 07R

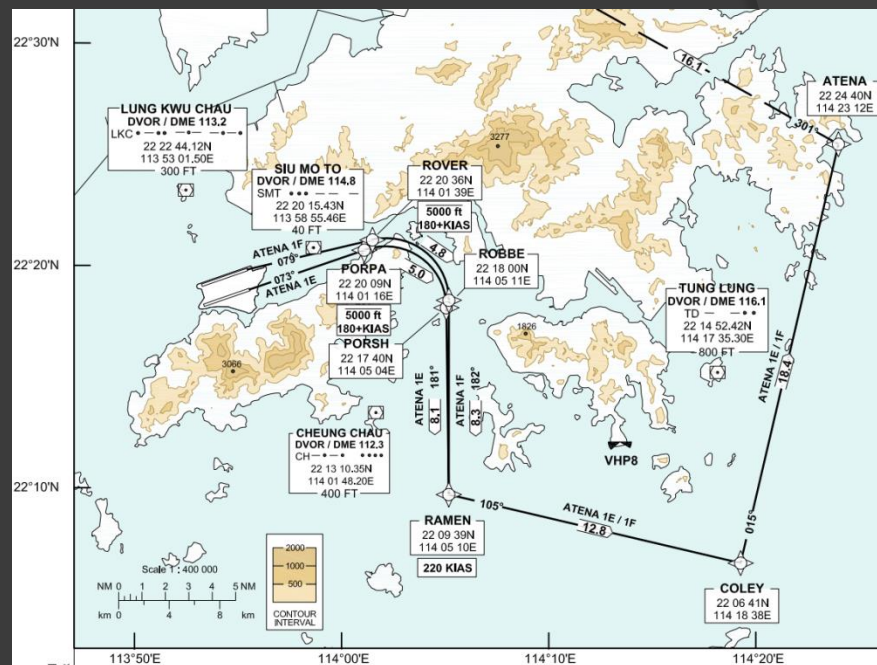
2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0139latest_atis.txt:A-RUNWAY 07R

2015-01/metcond/clk_atis/150101/0139latest_atis.txt:D-RUNWAY 07R

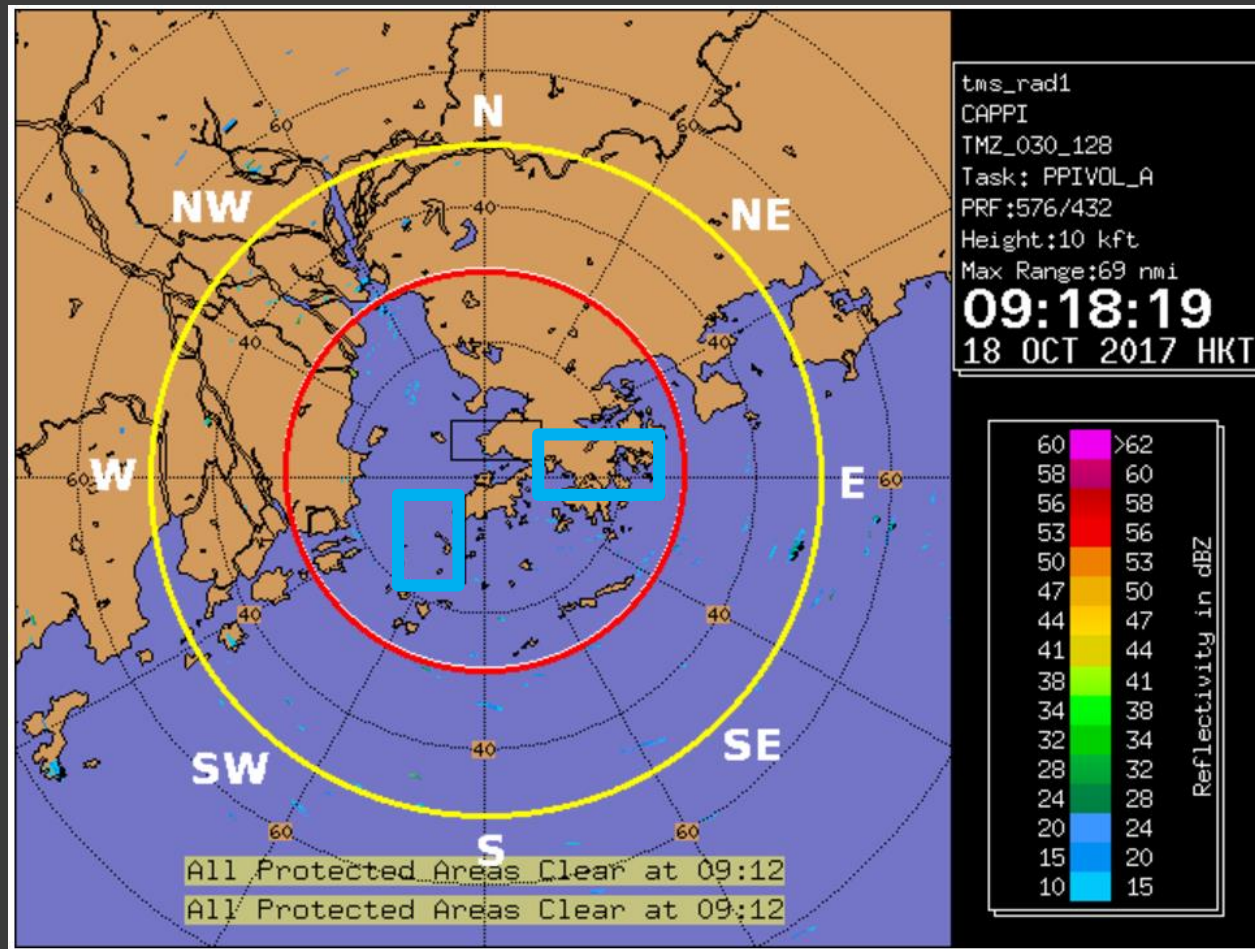
RWY 25 departure



RWY 07



The departure corridors



The max possible departure rate reveals some dependence to weather

Max ADR (East)

MAX ADR (EAST)	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
90 - 100%										23		27					0						19	21
80 - 90%	24										0	0				0	0						27	
70 - 80%						0	0	7	0	0	21						27						19	25
60 - 70%	24	17		2		5	4	0	23	34	0	30	30	0	0	0		24		0	0		13	
50 - 60%		20	17		13	0		0	12	29	27	0	22	0	27			0	0	18	0		0	
40 - 50%	15	23	14	0	9	11	3	11	21	11	26	21	31	0	0	28	26			28	25	8		15
30 - 40%	28	25	22	10	12	5	2	12	0	33	0	29	0	31	28	29	14	26	0	30	0	0	22	22
20 - 30%	0	4	18	12	7	5	8	12	28	35	22	32	30	32	23	25	26	32	24	27	0	20	25	29
10 - 20%	24	28	14	21	14	11	7	13	34	32	35	32	29	28	29	34	30	31	33	28	30	27	32	30
0 - 10%	32	28	26	21	26	16	10	17	34	38	39	39	42	38	36	38	39	37	36	37	37	37	39	35

Note how it drops with weather

Average ADR, not much signal

Average ADR (East)																								
AVG ADR (EAST)	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
90 - 100%										23		27					0			21	18	19	21	
80 - 90%	24										0						0	0		5			13	
70 - 80%						0	0	7		0	21						27	0	0	0		17	19	25
60 - 70%	21	17		2		5	1	0	3	34	0	21	13	0	0	0			12		0	0	7	
50 - 60%		20	17		3	0		0	7	15	13	0	22	0	25			0	0	11		0		0
40 - 50%	15	23	7	0	8	6	2	5	1	3	13	14	19	0	0	28	12			9	15	4		7
30 - 40%	14	15	8	4	7	3	2	3	0	29	0	19	0	23	14	14	7	5	0	15	0	0	7	11
20 - 30%	0	2	9	7	6	3	2	4	1	15	6	5	10	12	5	12	13	18	13	9	0	13	17	29
10 - 20%	8	12	4	7	7	4	2	5	12	7	13	12	9	8	11	15	16	16	20	26	15	24	20	16
0 - 10%	18	15	10	7	7	3	3	8	20	23	20	18	17	16	14	16	17	19	20	21	23	22	20	14

No trend for
different levels of
convection

Neither the Minimum ADR

(traffic is a multi-factor thing, weather being just one)

Min ADR (East)

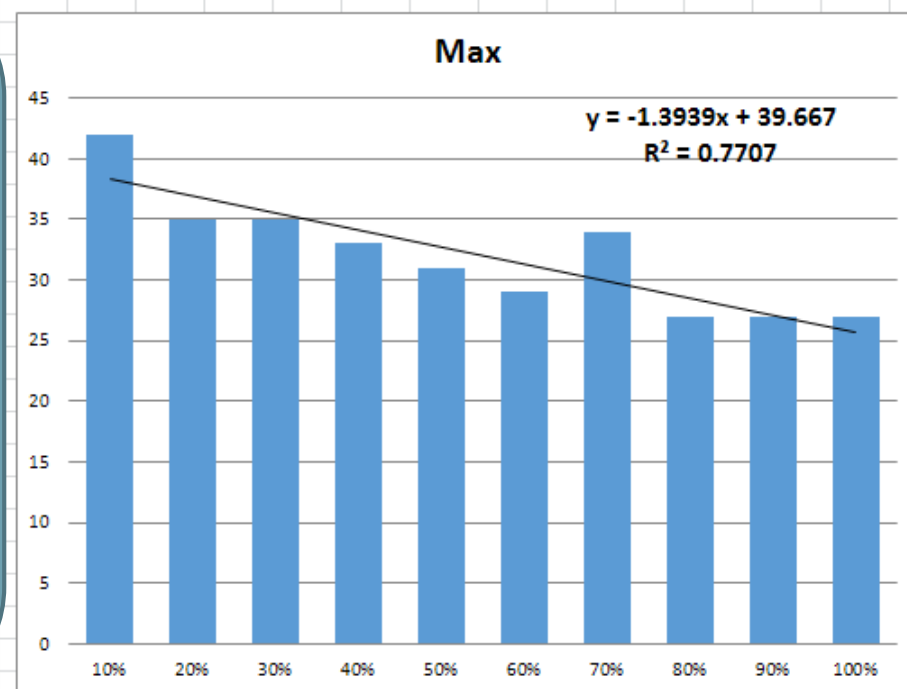
MIN ADR (EAST)	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
90 - 100%										23		27					0				21	10	19	21
80 - 90%	24										0	0				0	0			5		0		
70 - 80%						0	0	7	0	0	21						27		0			17	19	25
60 - 70%	15	17		2		5	0	0	23	34	0	0	0	0	0	0			0		0	0	0	
50 - 60%		20	17		0	0		0	1	0	0	0	22	0	23			0	0	0	0		0	
40 - 50%	15	23	0	0	7	0	0	0	21	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0
30 - 40%	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 30%	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	29
10 - 20%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	20	0	0
0 - 10%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Small number
even weather-free

Regression

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	
1	Max ADR (East)																									
2	MAX ADR (EAST)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
3	90 - 100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	26	19	21	
4	80 - 90%	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	27	0	
5	70 - 80%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	17	19	25	
6	60 - 70%	24	17	0	2	0	5	4	0	23	34	0	30	30	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	13	0	
7	50 - 60%	0	20	17	0	13	0	0	0	12	29	27	0	22	0	27	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	
8	40 - 50%	15	23	14	0	9	11	3	11	21	11	26	21	31	0	0	28	26	0	0	28	25	8	0	15	
9	30 - 40%	28	25	22	10	12	5	2	12	0	33	0	29	0	31	28	29	14	26	0	30	0	0	22	22	
10	20 - 30%	0	4	18	12	7	5	8	12	28	35	22	32	30	32	23	25	26	32	24	27	0	20	25	29	
11	10 - 20%	24	28	14	21	14	11	7	13	34	32	35	32	29	28	29	34	30	31	33	28	30	27	32	30	
12	0 - 10%	32	28	26	21	26	16	10	17	34	38	39	39	42	38	36	38	39	37	36	37	37	37	39	35	
13																										
14																										

Severity of weather in the “departure corridor” has fair correlation to the maximum acheiveable ADR (data period: 2015)

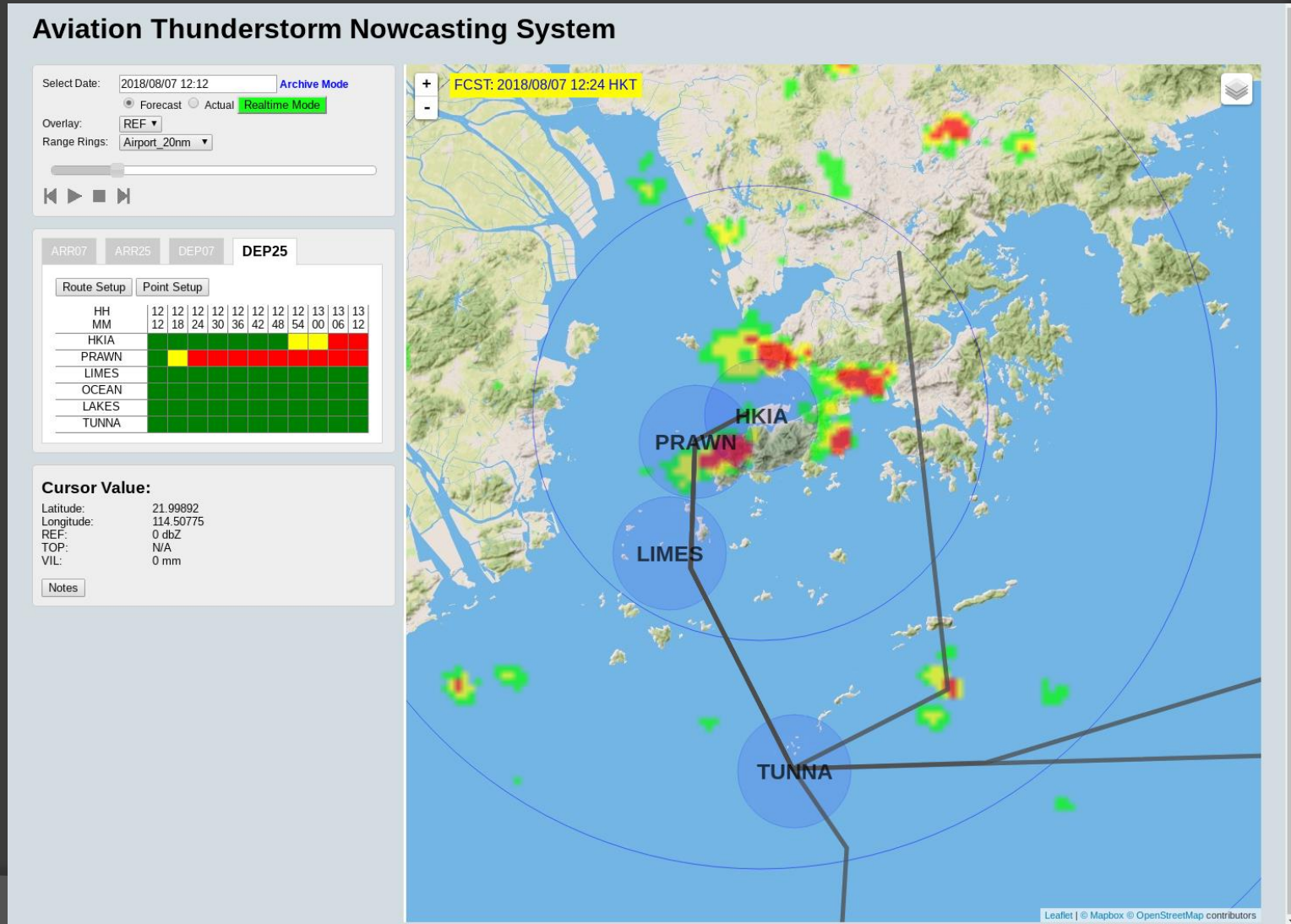


Validate/Verify the result

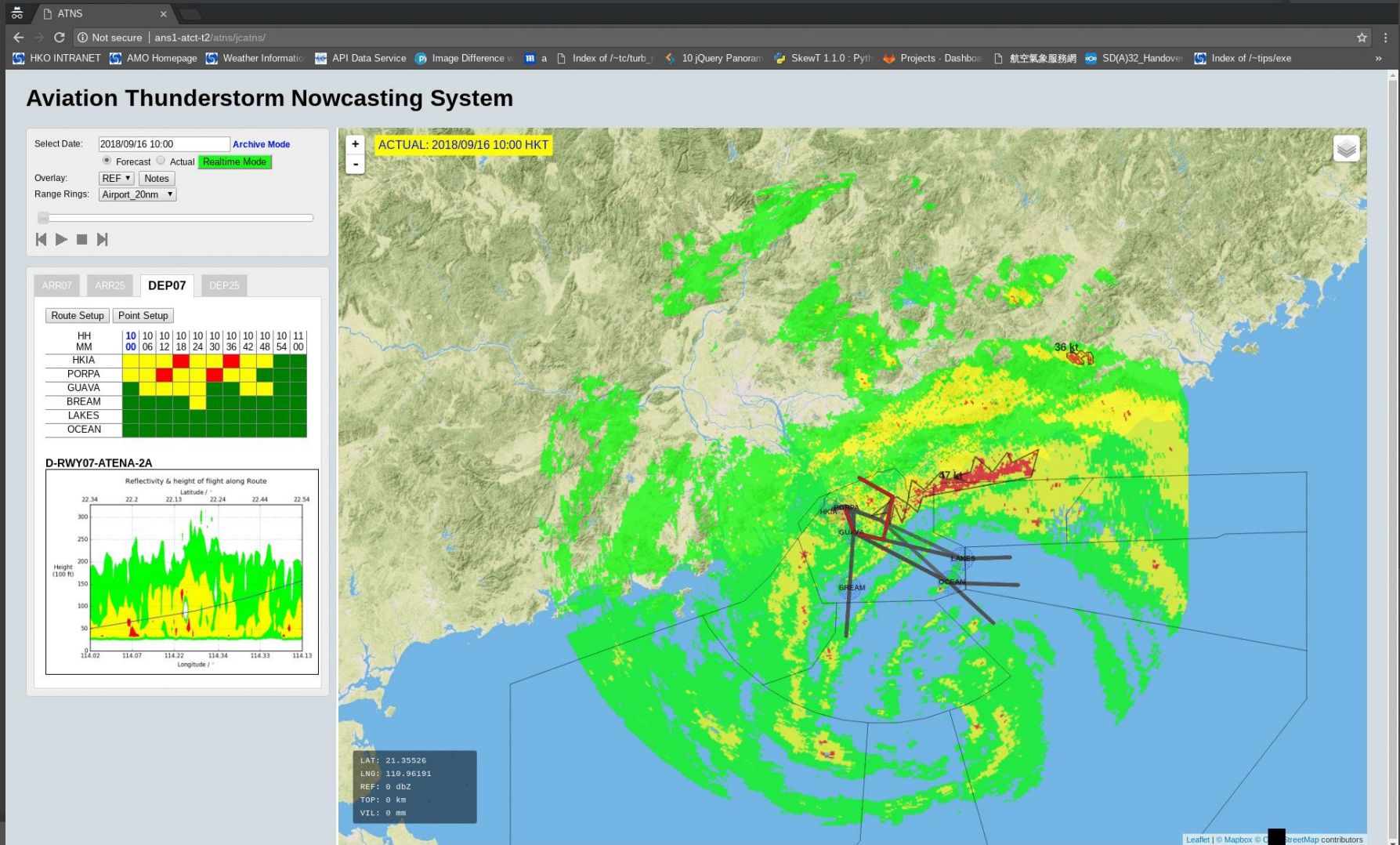
	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	#fwx,	awx,	fadr,	aadr		
2	1	0	40	31		
3	1	0	40	29		
4	15	31	38	29		
5	39	42	34	29		
6	26	23	36	30		
7	32	26	35	33		
8	36	13	35	27		
9	51	20	33	34		
10	2	2	39	14		
11	1	3	40	10		
12	5	4	39	4		
13	6	2	39	10		
14	6	2	39	28		
15	0	4	40	29		
16	11	6	38	34		
17	1	4	40	28		
18	21	6	37	27		
19	16	9	37	31		
20	12	9	38	32		
21	4	9	39	34		
22	5	1	39	28		
23	0	6	40	25		

- Data period: 2016
- 1hr forecast for “departure corridor” from ATNS
- For every weather severity level, the corresponding ADR were collected to find the maximum

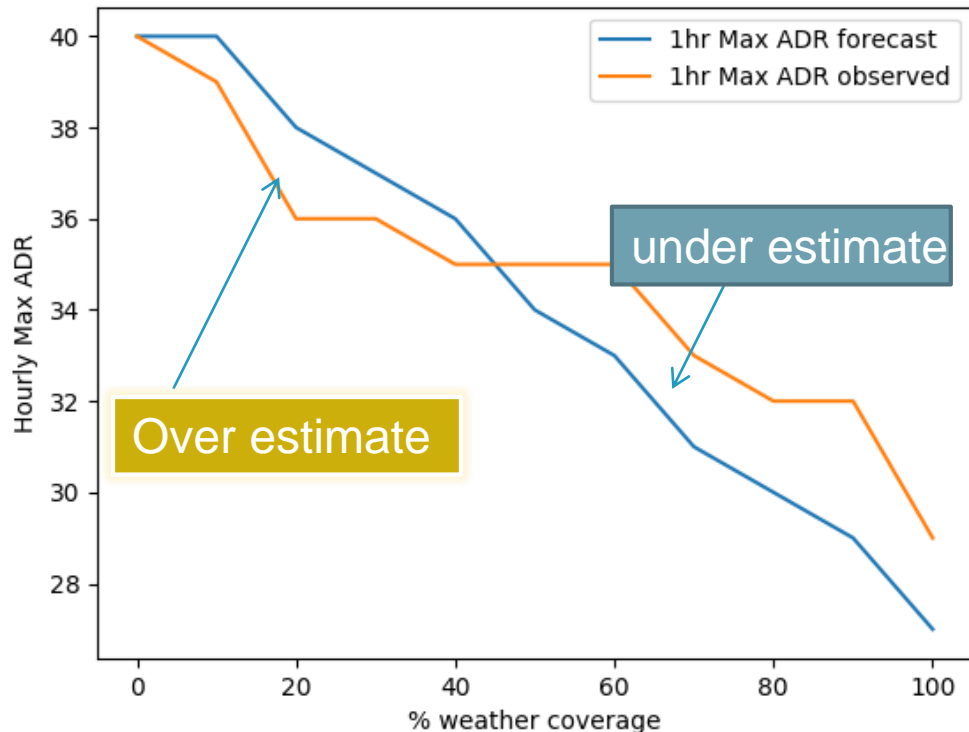
Aviation Thunderstorm Nowcasting System (ATNS)



Super Typhoon Mangkhut



Validate/Verify the result with 2016 data



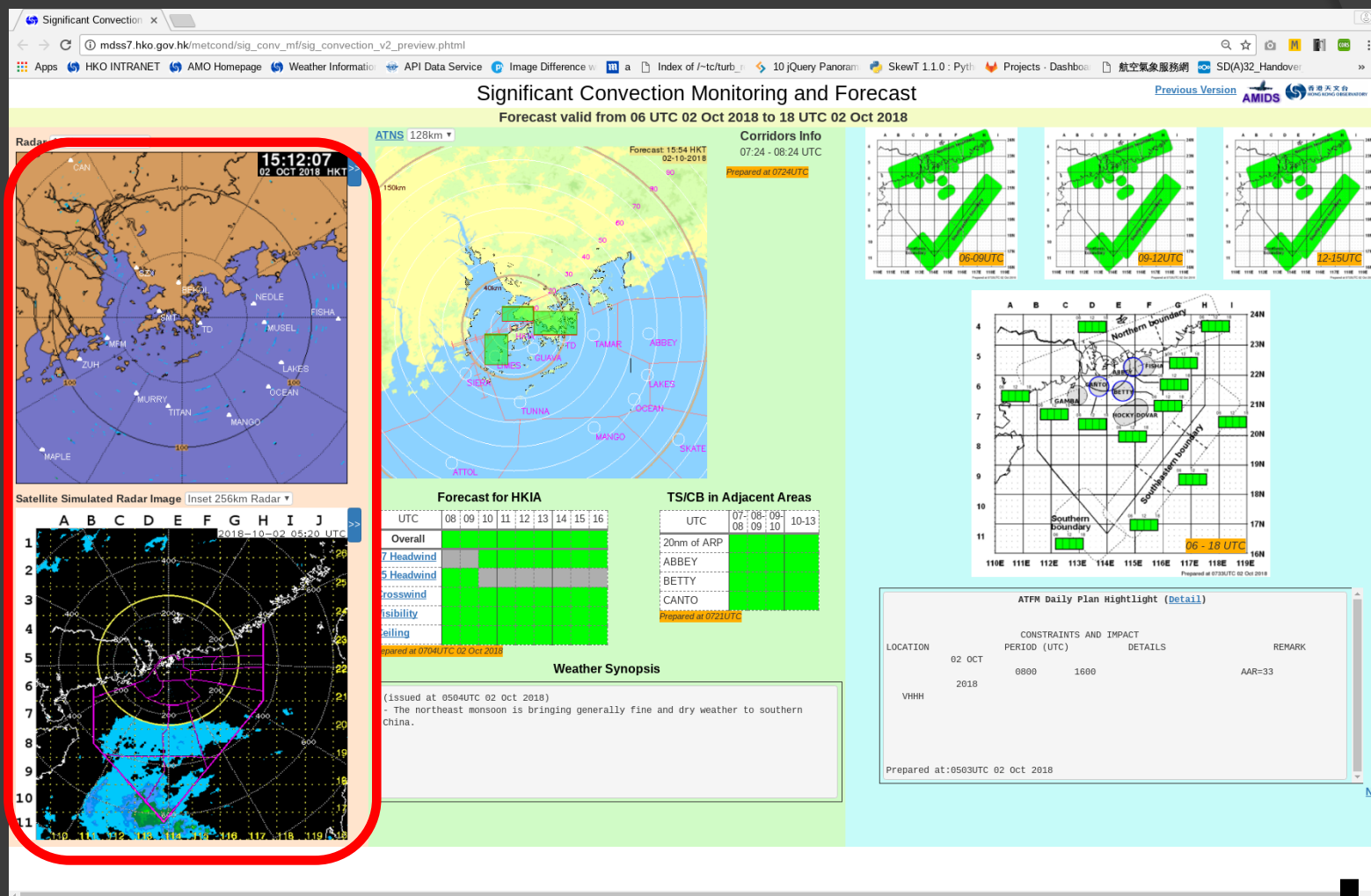
- General trend matched
- Max ADR over-estimate in less severe weather condition, and under-estimate in severe cases
 - Error in weather forecast?
 - Non-linearity of weather impact?
- Use as a reasonable “**ceiling**” for ADR estimation
- Possible application in A-CDM

Work to do on ADR

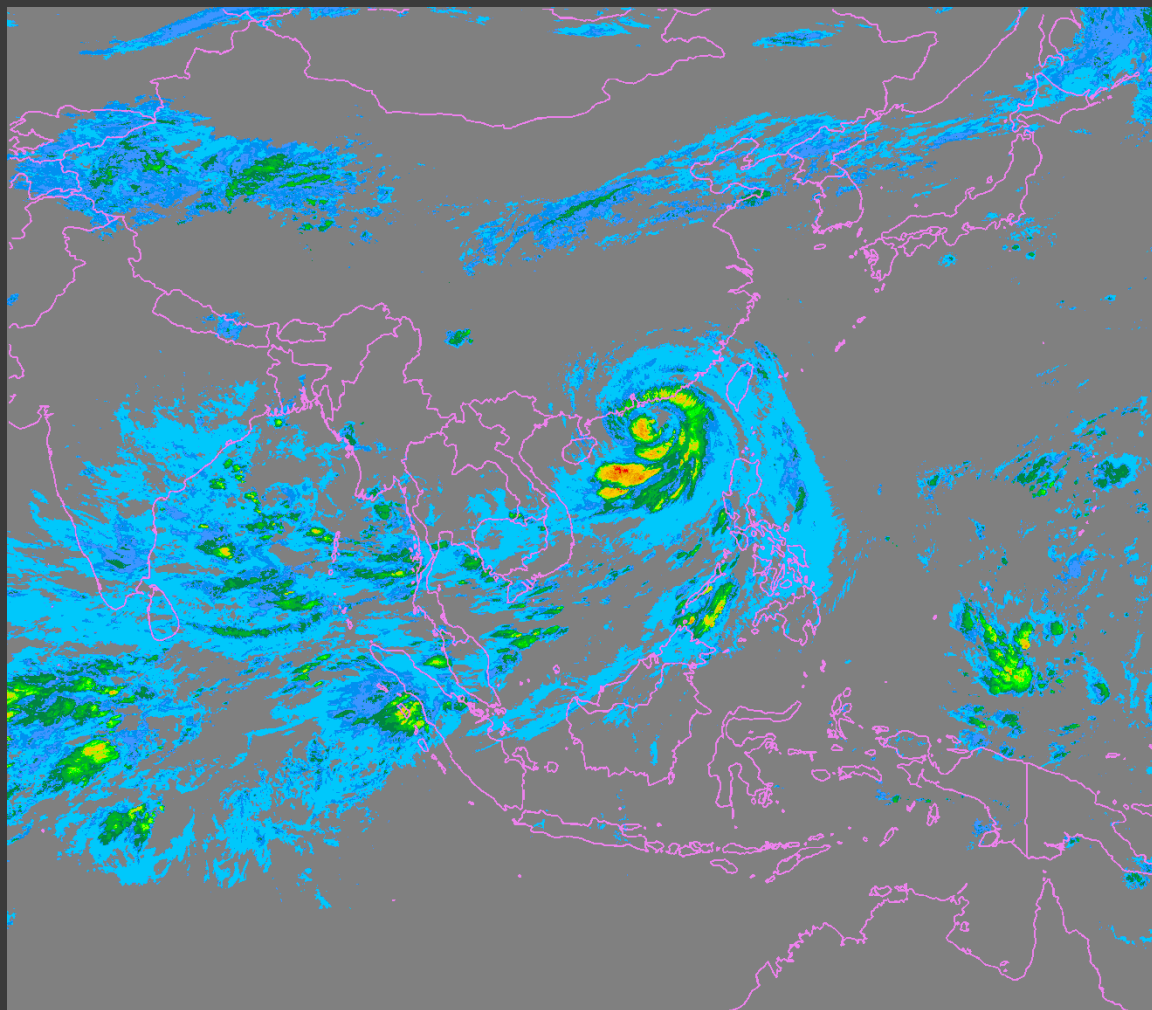
- ⦿ Refine the “corridor”
- ⦿ Extend forecast range to 2 hours

SIGNIFICANT CONVECTION MONITORING & FORECAST

Monitoring

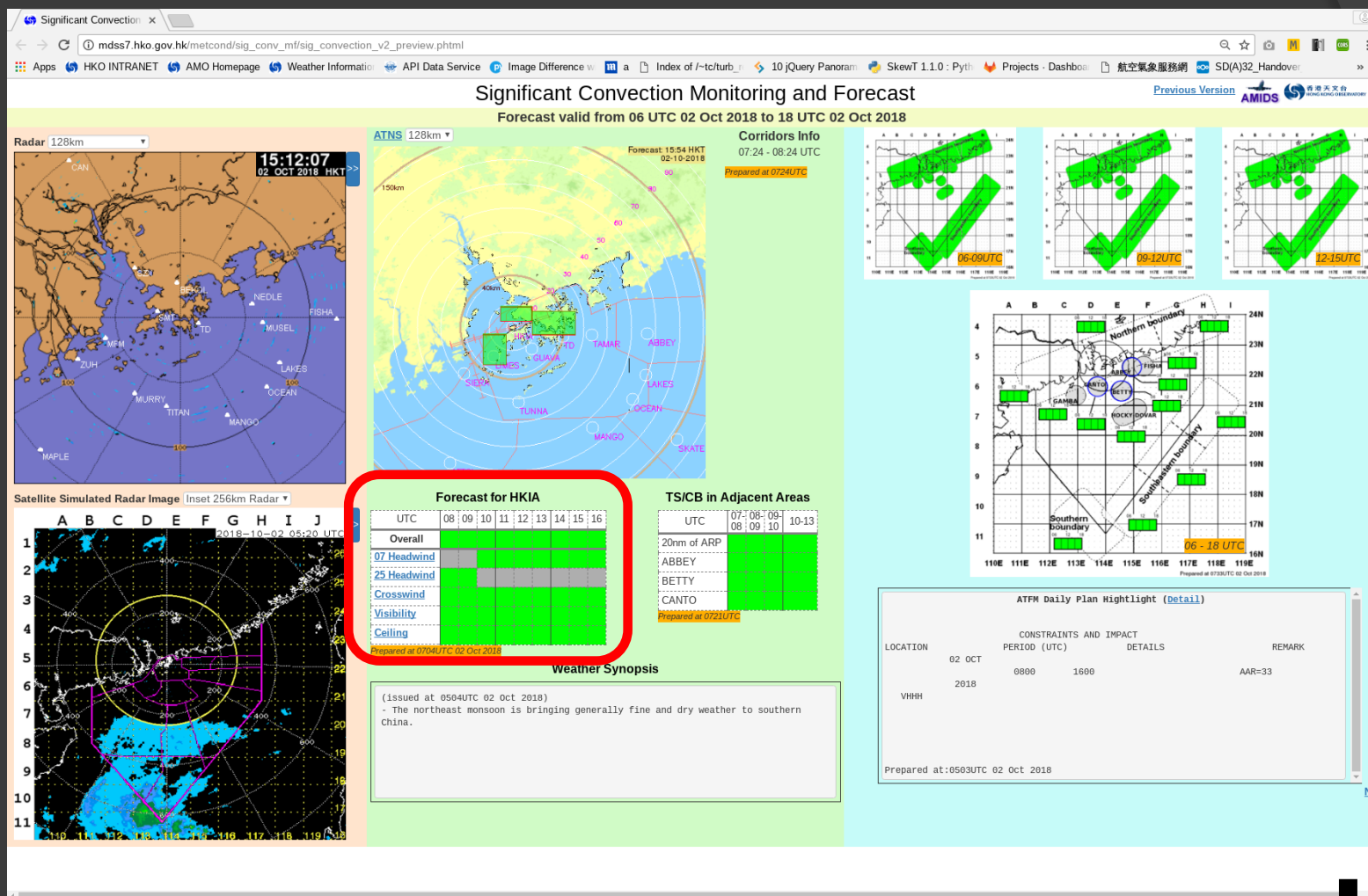


Satellite-simulated-radar reflectivity

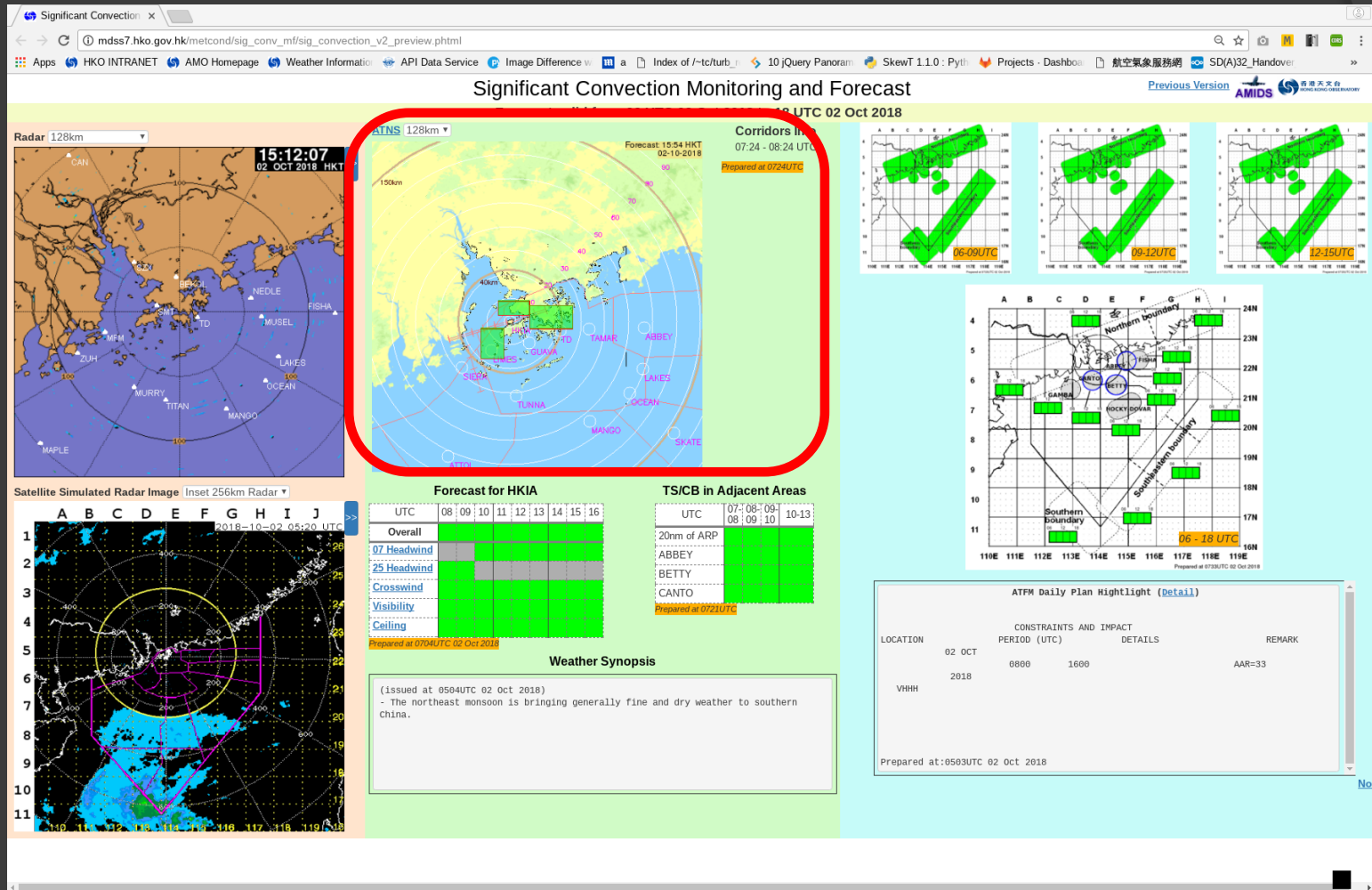


- Apply machine learning algorithm
- Handy reference to supplement limited radar coverage
- Used in regional nowcast products

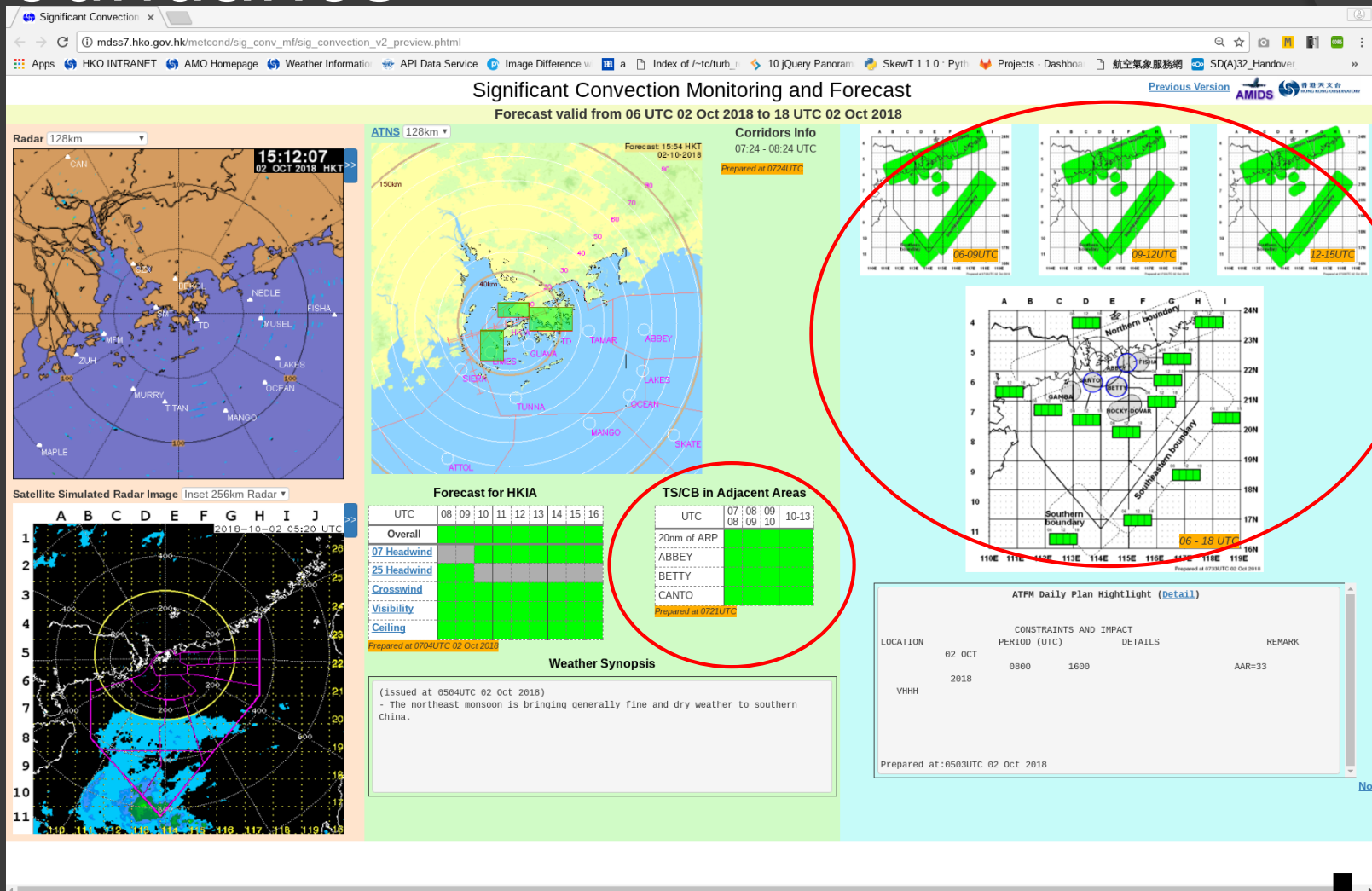
Impact Matrix, 9hr terminal forecast



Convection forecast for arrival/departure corridors



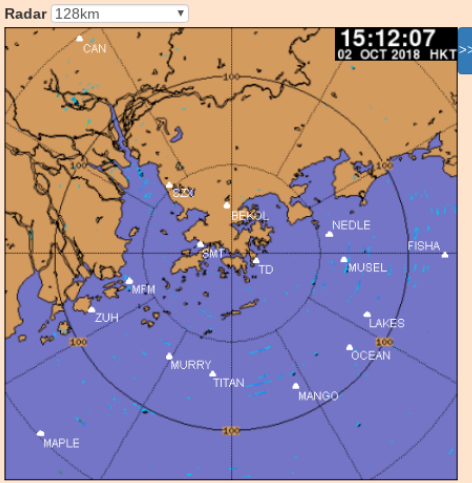
Holding areas and FIR boundaries



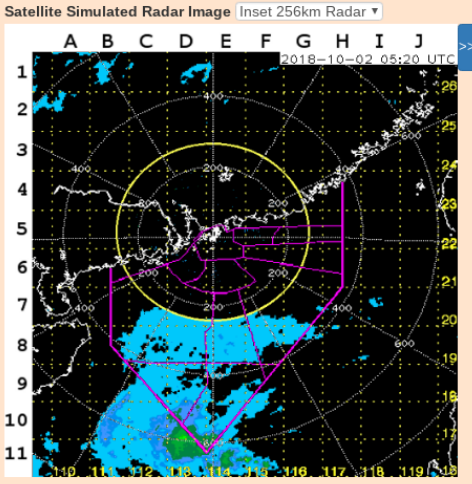
Significant Convection Monitoring and Forecast

Previous Version AMIDS 香港天文台 HONG KONG OBSERVATORY

Forecast valid from 06 UTC 02 Oct 2018 to 18 UTC 02 Oct 2018



Corridors Info
07:24 - 08:24 UTC



Forecast for HKIA

UTC	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Overall									
07 Headwind									
25 Headwind									
Crosswind									
Visibility									
Ceiling									

Prepared at 0704UTC 02 Oct 2018

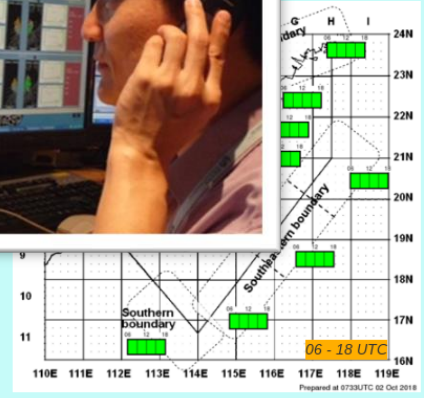
TS/CB in Adjacent Areas

UTC	07	08	09	10	11	12	13
20nm of ARP							
ABBEY							
BETTY							
CANTO							

Prepared at 0721UTC

Weather Synopsis

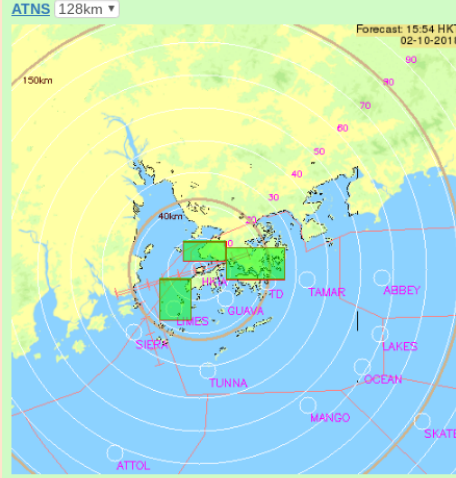
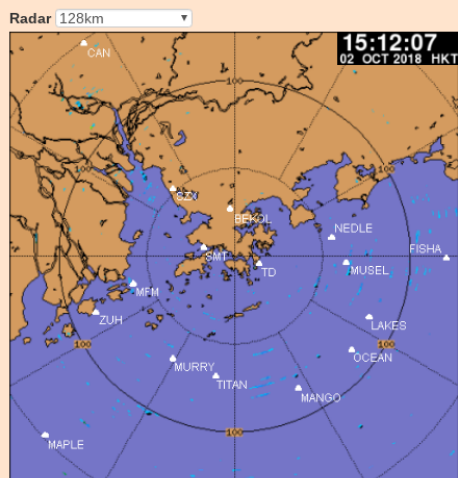
(issued at 0504UTC 02 Oct 2018)
- The northeast monsoon is bringing generally fine and dry weather to southern China.



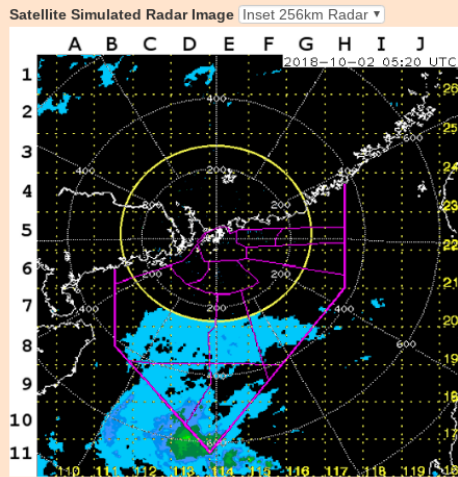
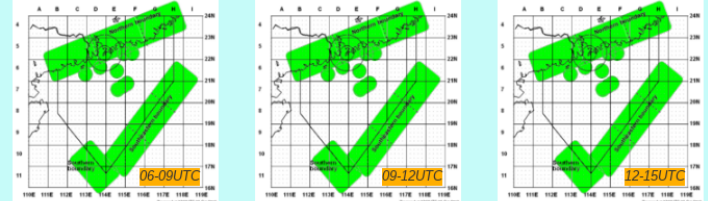
ATFM Daily Plan Highlight (Detail)

LOCATION	02 OCT	CONSTRAINTS AND IMPACT PERIOD (UTC)	DETAILS	REMARK
VHHH	2018	0800 1600		AAR=33

Prepared at:0503UTC 02 Oct 2018



Corridors Info
07:24 - 08:24 UTC
Prepared at 0724UTC



Forecast for HKIA

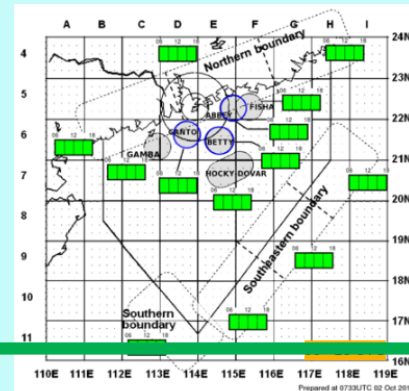
UTC	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Overall									
07 Headwind									
25 Headwind									
Crosswind									
Visibility									
Ceiling									

Prepared at 0704UTC 02 Oct 2018

TS/CB in Adjacent Areas

UTC	07-08	08-09	09-10	10-13
20nm of ARP				
ABBEY				
BETTY				
CANTO				

Prepared at 0721UTC



Weather Synopsis

(Issued at 0504UTC 02 Oct 2018)
- The northeast monsoon is bringing generally fine and dry weather to southern China.

ATFM Daily Plan Highlight (Detail)

LOCATION	02 OCT 2018	CONSTRAINTS AND IMPACT PERIOD (UTC)	DETAILS	REMARK
VHHH		0800 1600		AAR=33

Prepared at:0503UTC 02 Oct 2018

ATFM Daily Plan

ATFM Daily Plan (ADP)					
ATFM DAILY PLAN		HONG KONG			
DATE / TIME OF ISSUE		06 JUN 2018, 0352 UTC			
STATUS / REFERENCE		EFFECTIVE – UTC, 06 JUN 2018 HK 01			
CONSTRAINTS AND IMPACT					
LOCATION	PERIOD (UTC)		DETAILS		REMARK
VHHH	06 JUN 2018	0700	1100	VHHH under the influence of Tropical Storm EWINIAH	AAR=30
		1100	1600		AAR=33
ATFM MEASURE					
LOCATION	ATFM MEASURE PERIOD (UTC)		ATFM MEASURE		
VHHH	06 JUN 2018	0700	1100	GDP – CTOT will be issued to traffic from Singapore & Bangkok FIR	
POSSIBLE / DEVELOPING ISSUES					
LOCATION	PERIOD (UTC)		REMARK		
WEATHER BRIEFING					
AIRSPACE STATUS BRIEFING					
OTHER INFORMATION					
Normal AAR=34					
CTOT compliance window -5/+10 minutes.					
FOR CHANGES TO FLIGHTS, PLEASE CONTACT:					
Primary: Hong Kong Flow Manager Phone Line: +852 2910 6859 (Operational) Email: atmdfm@cad.gov.hk					
Secondary: Hong Kong ATFMU Phone Line: +852 2910 6275 Email: hkafmu@cad.gov.hk					
For Reference ONLY.					

MORE ON AAR / ADR ESTIMATION

Acceptance Rate Estimation

Expected Runway	07				
FACILITIES					
Runway Availability	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Dual <input type="radio"/> Single (Rwy Maint) <input type="radio"/> Single (Day)				
Approach	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ILS/RNAV <input type="radio"/> VOR				
WEATHER					
	DIR	SPD	X/W	H/W	Note: if SFC wind > 20kts, Enter 1000' wind
WIND	070	5	0	5	
VIS/RVR(m)	5000				
CLOUD CEILING (BKN+)	3000				
TS/CB in 20NM?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Nil/Green <input type="radio"/> Yellow <input type="radio"/> Red <input type="radio"/> Isolated <input type="radio"/> Broken <input type="radio"/> Extended TS				
Available Arrival Feeds	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 0				
OTHER FACTORS					
Additional Spacing (WX/AWK?)	0				
Mode of Operation					
Final Spacing	NM				
Final Speed	kts				
Airport Acceptance Rate					
Capacity Level					
Expected Delay					
Critical Factors					
Remarks					

Calculate

1. Landing condition (i.e. the impact matrix)
2. TS within 20NM (arrival corridor)
3. Holding capability

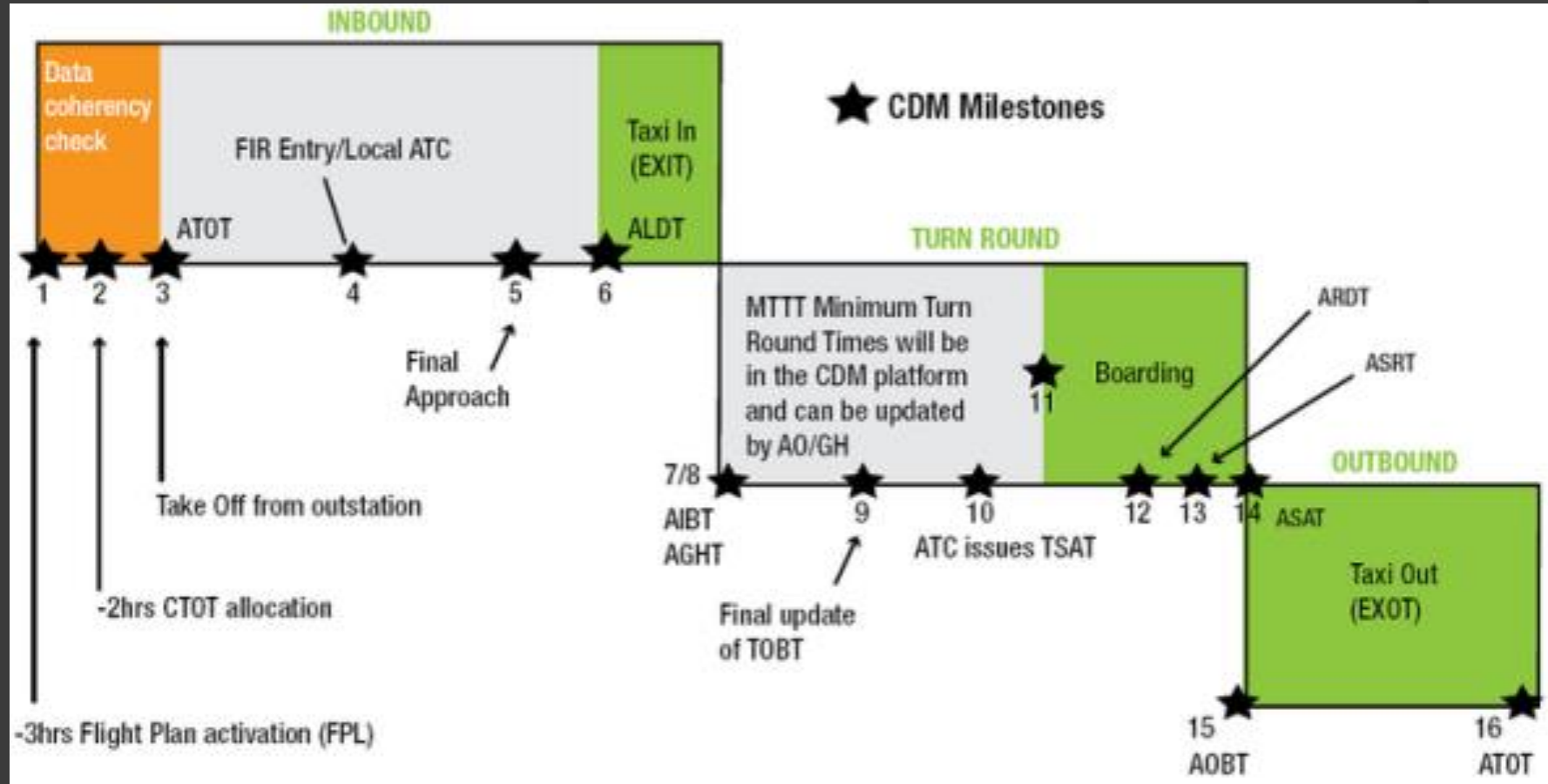
ADR Relevance

- ⦿ So far, focus generally on AAR as the most constraining airport determination
- ⦿ Departures typically subject to fewer constraints
 - Diversity of departure tracks often possible
 - Fewer wake vortex interactions constraining departure spacing
 - E.g. H-H requires 4NM on approach but no specific time spacing requirement on departure

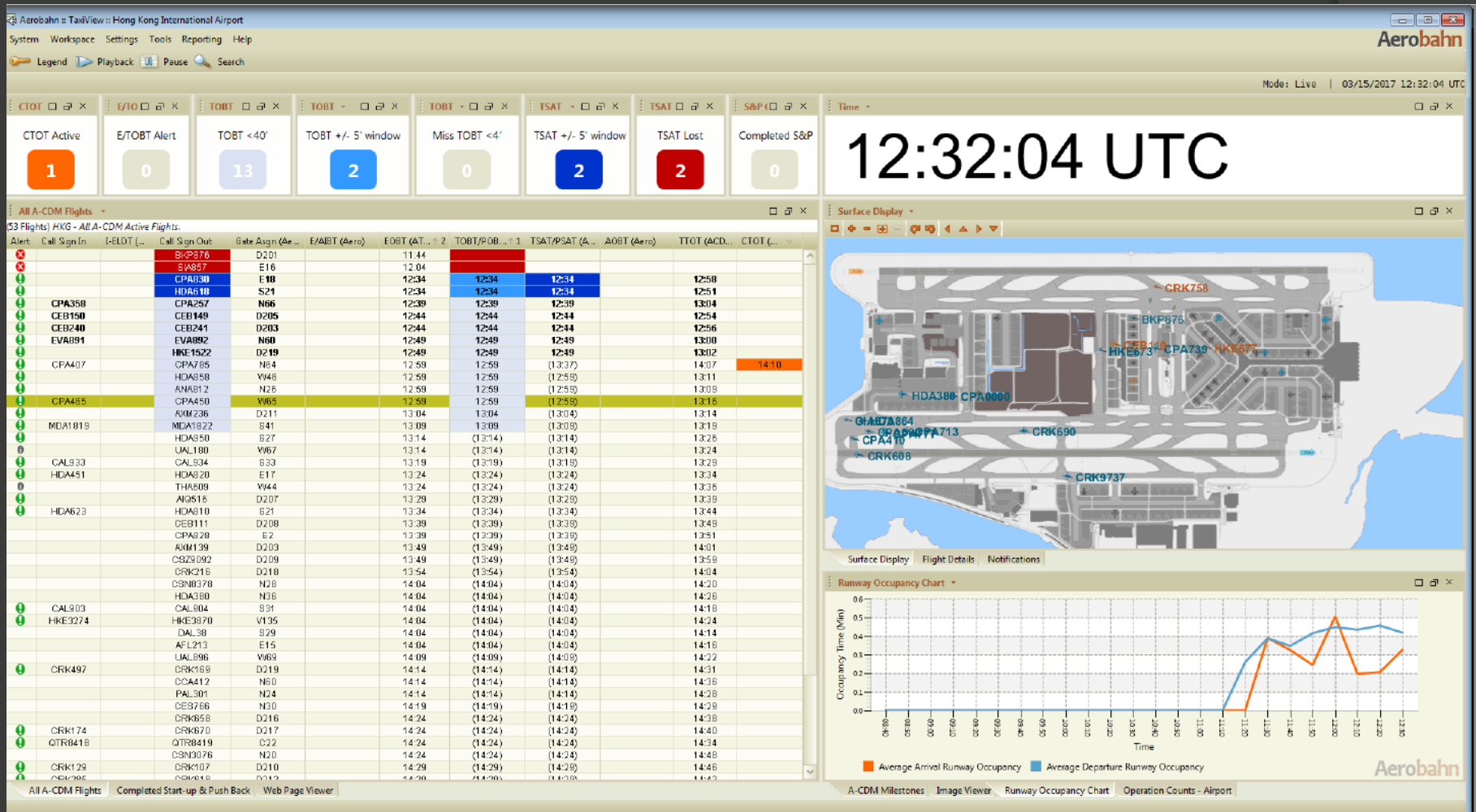
ADR Determination

- ⦿ As airports approach capacity, arrival-departure mix and optimized runway balancing becomes more important
- ⦿ Supplying departures to the right runway, at the right time, with minimum holding point delay is the goal
- ⦿ Automated systems such as A-CDM platforms with pre-departure sequencing can assist **PROVIDED** an accurate prediction of ADR can be supplied

A-CDM Milestone Process



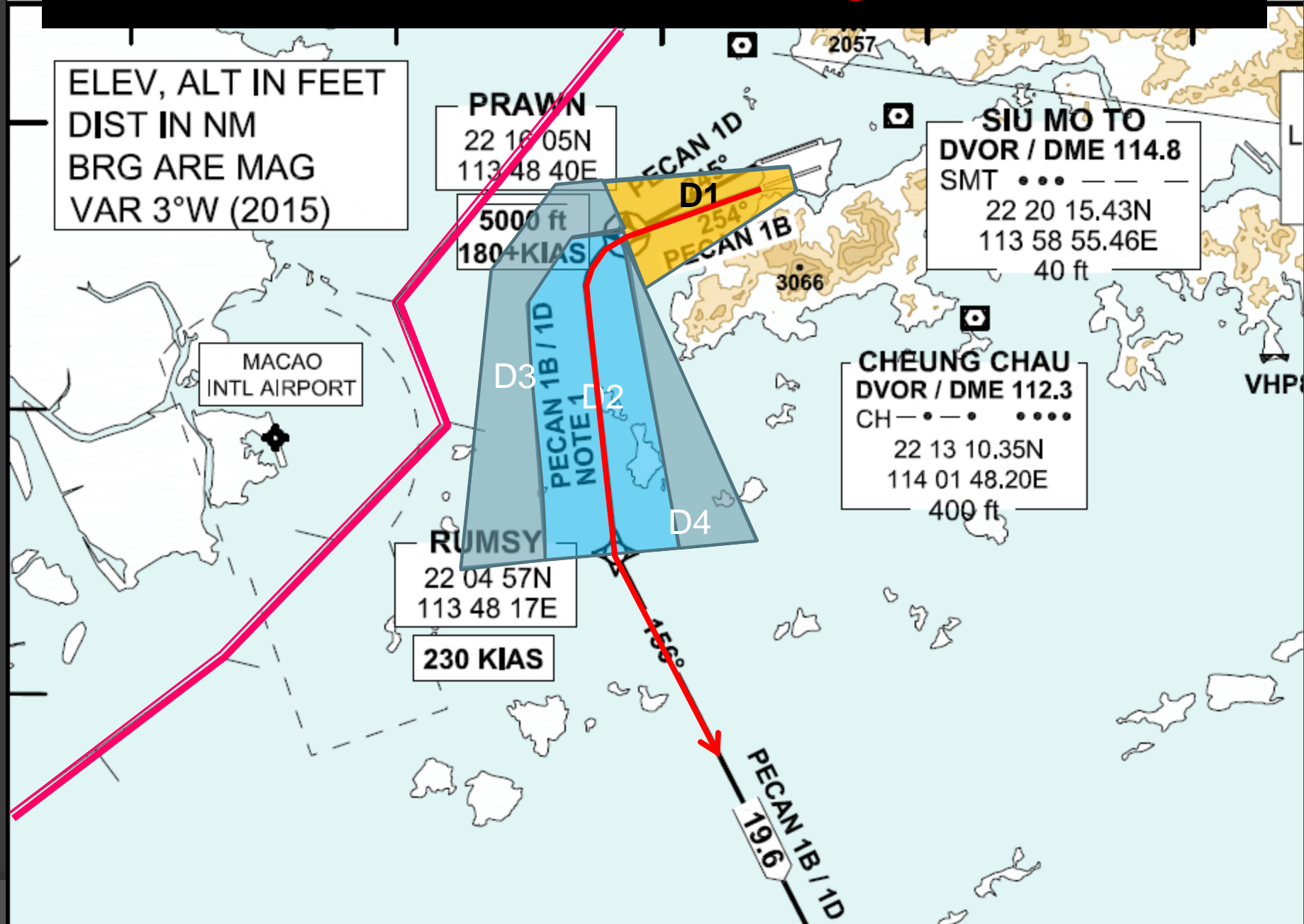
HKIA A-CDM Platform



Current APP/DEP Nowcasting Areas

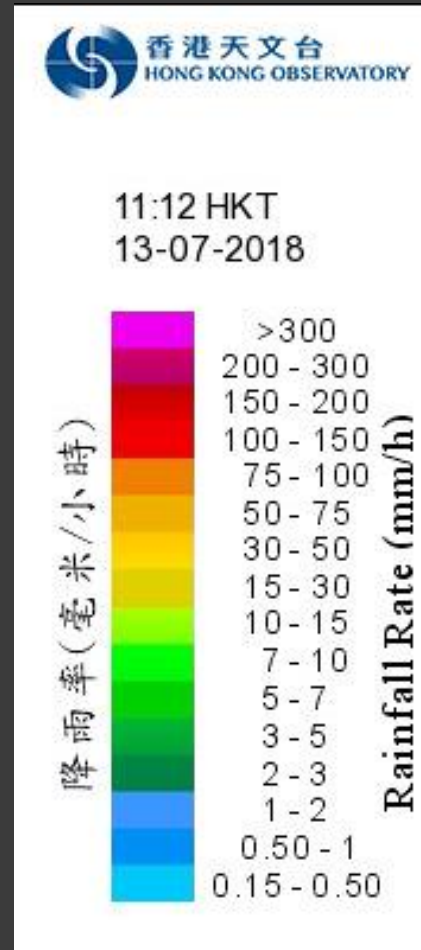
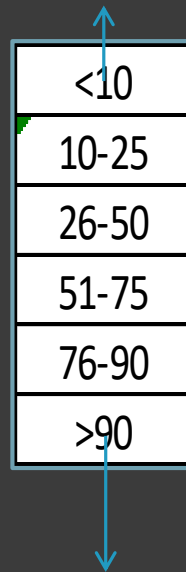


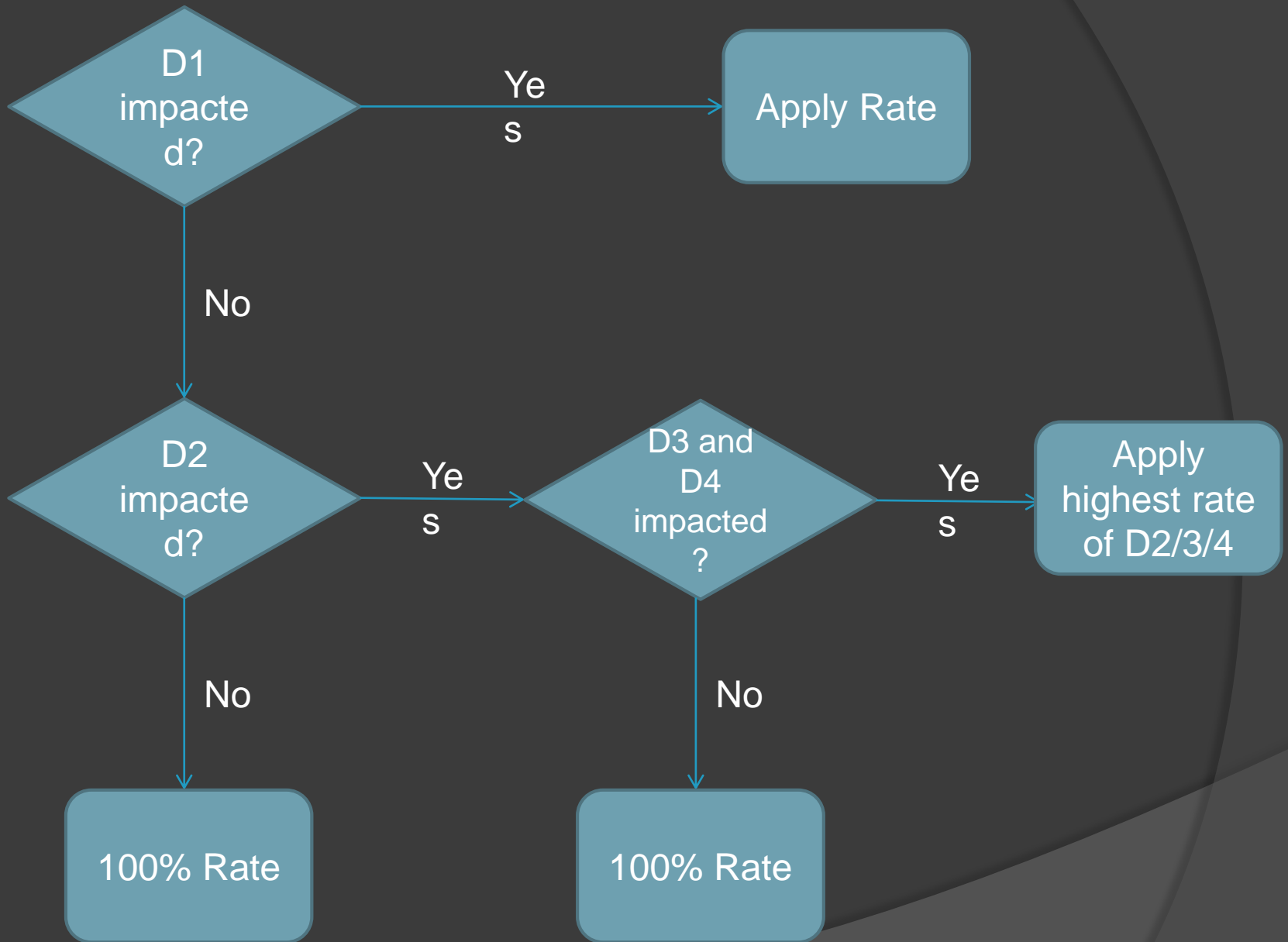
Refined DEP Funnel Nowcasting Areas



Departure Rate Impact

% of Normal
Departure
Rate





END